THE

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AND INDIAN DAILY NEWS.

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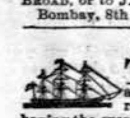


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Bombay, 23rd Dec., 1862.

FOR SURAT.



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Bombay, 29th Oct. 1862.

NOTICE.—A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the BOMBAY MECHANICS' BUILDING COMPANY (Limited) will be held at our Office on MONDAY, the 5th Proximo, at 5 o'clock P.M., to receive the Annual Report and Balance Sheet.

W. NICOL & Co., Treasurers.

Bombay, December 20th, 1862.

NOTICE.—THE CONSIGNEES OF GOODS by the Ship *James Pilkington*, wrecked in the Bay of Versawah, are hereby informed that portions of the goods have now been recovered, and will be delivered over to parties claiming them on payment. Apply to Messrs. EDULJEE RUSTOMJEE'S SONS, Apollo Street.

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DADABHOY HORMUSJEE CAMA & Co.,
Agents, Ship *Brandon*.

Bombay, 15th December 1862.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.—It having come to the notice of the Directors that there are a number of shares purchased by different parties but they have not yet got them transferred on their own respective names. Such parties are requested to get the shares transferred on their own names within 8 days from this date to prevent confusion and delay in paying the Dividends on the dissolution of the Company.

NUSSERWANJEE D. BADHURJEE,
Manager.

Bombay, S. N. Co.'s Office, 17th December 1862.

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G. I. P. Railway Co. Consolidated Stock.	218-3-0	pr. ct.	Rs. 4 disct.
Do. New £20 shares.	130.14.6	2¼ do.	Rs. 8 disct.
Bombay Baroda & C. I. R. Co. ...	1,000	2¼ do.	Nominal.
SPINNING & WEAVING COS.			
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. ...	5,000	1,000 per share.	Par.
Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,100	......	Rs. 400 disct.
ManockjiPittysSpinning&WeavingCo.	550	......	Rs. 200 disct.
Oriental Spinning & Weaving Co. ...	2,500	450 Rs. p. share.	Rs.75 to 100 pm.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. ...	1,500	......	Rs. 325 disct.
VictoriaSpinningCo.	5,000	......	Rs. 200 disct.
BombayUnitedSpinning&WeavingCo	4,500	......	Ditto.
Jafur Alee Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited ...	125	......	Ditto.
Cooria Spinning Co ..	5,000	......	
Bombay S. N. Co....	500	32 per share ...	Rs. 100 per sh
Colaba Land Co....	10,000	Rs. 100	Rs. 16,000.
horstie Mill Co.	4,000	......	Rs. 300 disct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan...	96
" Loan 1835-36 ...	95½
" Loan 1842-43 ...	95½
" Loan 1854-55 ...	95½
New Five per Cent. Loan...	105½
Five and a Half Per Cent. Loan ...	113

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each... Rs.	10-4
Bank of England Notes... "	10-3
Spanish Dollars ... "	240
Carolus ... "	290
Mexican Dollars... "	225
German Crowns ... "	213
Five Franc Pieces...	205
Bar Silver ... "	106½ to 106¾
Gold Leaf ... "	16-7

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool (Cotton) ready ...£2 17s. 6d. to £3 0s. 0d.
" (Seed) ...£2 7s. 6d. to £2 10s. 0d.
To London (Cotton) ...£3 0s. 0d. to £3 2s. 6d.
" (Seed) ...£2 15s. 0d. to £2 17s. 6d.
To China... }
To Clyde... } No enquiry.
To Hull... }
To Calcutta and back...Rs. 20 offered.

(PRICES CURRENT (22nd December 1862.)

COTTON at Colaba :		Per candy
Old Broach, ready ...	Rs.	365 to 375
Old Surat...	"	375 to 380
Old Dhollera and Bhownugger...	"	360 to 380
Old Oomrawuttee...	"	345 to 350
Old Compta...	"	368 to 370
Old Dharwar Sawginned ...	"	510 to 515
Old Barsee, and Nuggur ...	"	340 to 345
Old Varaval ...	"	338 to 340
Khandeish ...	"	325 to 330
Old Poratchee ...	"	340 to 342
Old Accote ...	"	350 to 355
Old Mangalore...	"	340 to 345

OPIUM—Malwa, Rs. 1,480 to 1,485.
SEEDS—Linseed, Candeish...at Rs. 6-2 to 6-3 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Guzerat... " 7⅞ to 7¾ nominal.
Gingelly mixed (Black and White)... " 33 to 34 / 40 to 41 nominal.
Niger ... " 28 to 29

BANKS.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.

On Deposits for 3 months certain 3 per cent per annum.
Do. " 6 " " 5 " "
Do. " 12 " " 6 " "

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight	2s.	0¼d.	per Rupee.	
Ditto	at 4	ditto	2s. 0¼d.	do.
Ditto	at 3	ditto	2s. 0d.	do.
Ditto	at 2	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto	at 1	ditto	1s. 11½d.	do.
Ditto	sight	ditto	1s. 11½d.	do.

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government and other Securities ½ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by Sale, ½ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India, if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody ½ per cent. Commission.

Hours of business...10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays...10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

EDWIN HEYCOCK, Manager.

Bombay, 18th Dec. 1862.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
Dec. 22	Columbian (s)...	Skottawe..	Hongkong 1 Dec.
	Natolia ...	Batta ...	Liverpool 15 Aug.

Departures.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	TO
Dec. 22	Edmond Kaye ...	Steel ...	London.
	Howden ...	Verelle ...	Liverpool.
	Calidonian ...	McMillen...	Liverpool.
	Norway ...	Major ...	Rangoon.
	James Smith ...	Feirouz ...	Liverpool.
	Manchester (s) ...	McDonald ...	Surat.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Columbian*, from Hongkong &c.—Mr. Lovelock ; Mr. Maneckjee Hormusjee ; Mr. and Mrs. Somes ; Mr. Coster ; Mr. V. G. Abdalla, and 2 servants ; Mr. Mobrook, and 2 servants ; Mr. Spring ; Mr., Mrs. and Miss Miklejohn, and 2 natives.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per Ship *Howden*, to Liverpool.—Mr. Bedford, and Miss Ellis.

Per Steamer *Manchester*, to Surat.—Mr. and Mrs. Keatinge ; Major Keatinge ; Major J. L. Sheppard, and 162 natives.

Port Clearance.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Ship *Andine*, J. Manson, bound to Liverpool.
Ship *Robert Ritson*, J. Brough, bound to Galle.

Commenced Loading.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Ganges*, for China, &c.
P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Salsette*, for Aden and Suez.
Barque *Atiet Rehman*, for Colsagurpatam.

IMPORT MANIFESTS.

From China.

Shaw Jehan.—96 cases Copper Sheets, 3 cases Yellow Stone, 106 bundles old Copper, 276 packages Supaca, 205 packages China Roots, 58 packages Papers, 205 cases Silk, 15 cases Melseel Stone, 49 cases Glass Beads, 25 packages Cupoorcachry, 325 packages Caligums, cases Crackers, 196 cases Umbrellas, 160 boxes Preserves, 3913 tubs Sugar Candy, 5906 bags sugar, 360 packages Capia, 19 cases Arsenic, 1 case Ani Seed, 50 packages Mates, 2 cases Cigars, 19 setts Trunks, 15 cases Chinaware, 24 Plants, 1612 packages Tea, 55 packages Sundries.

From Singapore.

Bombay Merchant.—100 baskets Dammers, 103 baskets Patchlick, 5228 pieces Woods, 3 packages Sundries.

DAILY EXPORTS.

BOMBAY, MONDAY, 22ND DECEMBER 1862.

For London.

Windsor Castle.—1,000 bags Rape Seed, 1,500 cwt., Fernandise ; 3 cases Curiosities ; 1 case Tiger Skin ; 1 case Sword and Books ; 1 cHhds. Madeira, 50 gallons, Remington and Co.

Gasforth.—200 bundles Linseed, 100 cwt., Nursy Mowjee.

Herefordshire.—325 bags Jingelly Seed, 487½ cwt. ; 375 bags Sursee Seed, 562½ cwt., Aspall Mooljee ; 95 packages Linseed, 142½ cwt., Khatesy Ranchore.

Star of India.—152½ packages Coffee, 190 cwt. 2 qrs. 23 Goldham and Co.

For Liverpool.

[illegible]—200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Nusserwanjee ... bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Jeatha Vulubjee ; 100 ... Finlay, Scott and Co. ; 15 bales Cot... Yusunjee ; 250 bales Cotton, 873 ... and Co.

... Gourdhundass Purso... bales Wool, 159 cwt., ... cwt., Khatesy ... Purstum...

Labrador.—350 bales Cotton, 1,225 cwt., P. and D. Framjee Cama and Co. ; 350 bales Cotton, 1,225 cwt., Govind Hurry ; 67 bales Cotton, 234½ cwt., Samjee Hemraz and Co. ; 50 bales Cotton, 175 cwt., Nursy Mowjee ; 19 bales Cotton, 61½ cwt., Vulubdass Jairam.

Sillery.—40 bales Wool, 120 cwt., Kessowjee Poonja ; 250 bales Cotton, 875 cwt., Luckumsy Sewjee ; 2 bales Cotton, 7 cwt., Bhoyehund Joomka ; 189 bales Cotton, 661¼ cwt., Mungesh Pandoorung.

Sea Horse.—50 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Goculdass Tezpall ; 110 bales Cotton, 385 cwt., Meer Sassoon Moosy ; 150 bales Cotton, 525 cwt., Premchund Roychund ; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., D. Byramjee and Co. ; 75 bales Cotton, 262½ cwt., Luckmechund Nursy's Sons.

Helen Douglas.—5½ bales Cotton, 19½ cwt., E. and H. Shapoorjee and Co. ; 130 bales Cotton, 455 cwt., Muthoorадass Yusunjee ; 100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Ruttigur Dowlutgur ; 110 bales Cotton, 385 cwt., Jeatha Curumsy ; 80 bales Cotton, 280 cwt., Sewjee Souzpall.

Lord Brougham.—59 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Megjee Courjee ; 110 bales Cotton, 385 cwt., Furdoonjee Framjee ; 125 bales Cotton, 437½ cwt., Rustomjee Jamsetjee and Co.

Knight Errant.—22 docras Cotton, 34 cwt., Ritchie, Steuart and Co. ; 125 bales Cotton, 437½ cwt., Goculdass Culliangee ; 60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Megjee Courjee ; 170 bales Cotton, 595 cwt., Gangjee Courjee.

Admiral Lyons.—150 bales Cotton, 525 cwt., Mooljee Jeatha ; 80 bales Cotton, 240 cwt., Dossa Daujee.

Belgravia.—450 bundles Linseed, 225 cwt., Malljee Sewjee ; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Mooljee Dhunjee.

Indian Queen.—400 bags Linseed, 600 cwt., Malljee Sewjee ; 600 bags Linseed, 900 cwt., Jairaz Ramdass.

Clyde.—450 bags Linseed, 675 cwt., Khatesy Ragowjee.

Kildare.—179 bags Linseed, 268½ cwt., Dewj Assoo Pursotum.

Charger.—125 bales Cotton, 437½ cwt., Luckmechund Nursey Sons ; 54 bales Cotton, 189 cwt., Futtaychund Dewchund ; Loose Coir Yarn, 70 cwt., Cumersea Preamjee.

James Livesey.—50 bales cotton, 150 cwt., J. P. Cornforth and Co. ; 100 bales Wool, 325 cwt., Bhimjee Girdhur and Co. ; 60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Dharsy Odhowjee ; 50 bales Cotton, 75 cwt., Premchund Roychund.

Talavera.—200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Goculdass Madhowjee ; 93½ bales Wool, 280½ cwt., Ralli Brothers ; 280 bundles Kurdeeseed, 140 cwt., Withuldass Goculdass and Co. ; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Dorabjee Framjee ; 60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Bomonjee Framjee Cama.

Peerless.—22 bales Cotton, 77 cwt. ; 3 bales Wool, 9 cwt., Assaria Jewraz ; 30 bales Wool, 90 cwt., Ramma Roysee.

Elizabeth Fry.—100 bundles Hemp, 87 cwt., Megjee Mooljee and Co.

Ellen Bates.—300 bags Rapeseed, 450 cwt., Canjee Jaitha.

For Hongkong.

Steamer *Indore.*—88 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Sewjee Nensy and Co. ; 10 chests M. Opium, 139 lbs. each, Camajee Pochajee and Co. ; 19 chests M. Opium, 136 lbs. each, Muncherjee Jamsetjee and Sons ; 94 bundles Fishmaws, 29 cwt. 1 qr. 4 lbs. ; 54 bundles Sharkfins, 16½ cwt., Assoobhoy Gangjee and Co. ; 101 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, David Sassoon and Co. ; 20 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Eduljee Framjee and Co. ; 24 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each Roognath Jugunath ; 61 bundles Fishmaws, 19 cwt., Samjeebhoy Visram ; 43 bundles Fishmaws 13 cwt. 2 qrs. 11 lbs. ; 7 bundles Sharkfins, 2 cwt. 21 lbs., Peermohmud Nuthoo ; 23 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, P. and D. Framjee Cama and Co. ; 104 bundles Sharkfins, 32½ cwt. ; 51 bundles Fishmaws, 15 cwt. 3 qrs. 21 lbs., Assoobhoy Gungjee ; 28 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Ahmudbhoy Habibbhoy.

For Shanghai

Steamer *Indore.*—15 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Tarrachund Ramchund ; 71 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Culliandass Nesserwanjee and Co.

For Singapore.

Steamer *Indore.*—4 packages Piece Goods, Lulloobhoy Moolchund.

Steamer *Ganges.*—1 case Piece Goods, 7½ corges, Goolam Hosen Dawoodbhoy.

For Calcutta.

Steamer *Ganges.*—1 case Cardamoms, 274 lbs., Jugunath Ramjee ; 5 chests China Silk Piece Goods 450 pieces Jairam Damjee.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.—December 15, Ship *Meggie*, Naughton, from London 27th August.

Ship *Raby Castle*, J. Leeman, from London 25th August.

MILITARY.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 22.

Hossack, Captain, Royal Artillery, on leave, from Ahmedabad.
Lucas, Brigadier General C., Royal Artillery, on duty, from Kurrachee.
Holberton, Captain, Royal Artillery, on duty, from Kurrachee.
Cartess, Ensign, H. M.'s 16th Regt. N. I., on sick certificate, from Rajkote.
Daun, Assistant Surgeon, Royal Artillery, on leave, from Sholapore.
Boyd, Lieut. J. M., late 30th Regt. N. I., to appear before Examination Committee, from Baroda.
Cunningham, Lieut. C. A., 28th Regt. N. I., to appear before Examination Committee, from Baroda.
Dysart, Major, 108th Regt., on leave, from Jaulnah.
Davison, Major, Inspector of Muskets, on duty, from Poona.
Gallet, Lieut. J., 95th Regt., on leave, from Khandalla.
Grimes, Ensign, 56th Regt., on leave, from Khandalla.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 22.

Ketchen, Lieut. J., 20th Regt. B. N. I., to join, to Ahmedabad.
Lucas, Brigadier General C., Royal Artillery, on duty, to Kirkee.
Holberton, Captain, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Kirkee.
Sanley, Captain, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Belgaum.
Greig, Lieut., Royal Artillery, on duty, to Belgaum.
Seton, Lieut., Royal Artillery, on duty, to Belgaum.
Daun, Assistant Surgeon, Staff, on duty, to Belgaum.
Keatinge, Major, Staff Corps, on duty, to Surat.
Sheppard, Captain J. L., Staff Corps, to join, to Baroda.
Robinson, Captain, 72nd Highlanders, ——
Gibbard, Lieut. Col., Royal Artillery, on leave, to Kirkee.

GARRISON ORDERS.

BY BRIGADIER J. LIDDELL, C.B.

Bombay, Monday, 22nd December 1862.

The 18th Regt. N.I., the Officer for the Castle Guard tomorrow, also the Adjutant for the day.

1. The Weekly Committee of Survey will assemble, tomorrow, at 11 A.M., at the Musjeed Bunder, to examine 200 hogsheads of Malt Liquor arrived per *Coromand l.*

The Tasters from the 33rd Regiment will also attend, the Deputy Commissary General sending a dumnee for their conveyance at the usual hour.

Surgeon Broughton, 21st Regt. N. I. will attend the Committee.

2. At the recommendation of the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Assistant Surgeon Davies, General Duty Presidency Division, is directed to return to Bombay on being relieved of the medical charge of the 5-18 Royal Artillery at Vingorla.

3. The European Garrison Court Martial, of which Colonel Collings, 33rd Regiment, is President, is dissolved.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjt. Genl.'s Office, Head Quarters Poona, 20th Dec. 1862.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Dated 18th September 1862.—By Major H. Green, C.B., appointing Lieut. H. Martin, Acting Adjutant 2nd Regiment Sind Horse, to perform the duties of Adjutant to the 3rd Regiment Sind Horse, vice Lieut. Sanders.

Appointing Lieut. Phillips, Acting 2nd in Command 4th Regiment Sind Horse, to perform the duties of Adjutant to the 2nd Regiment Sind Horse, in addition to his own, vice Lieut. Martin.

BENGAL.

(*From the Calcutta Gazette.*)

No. 1105.—With reference to Government General Order No. 868 of the 12th September last, notifying that Major-Generals of the Staff Corps might remain in England without limitations to time, drawing, during their residence, pay at the rate of 25 Shillings a day, and in order to remove any misapprehension on the subject it is hereby notified, under the authority of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, that the above decision in no way affects the Rule laid down in the 19th paragraph of the Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 467, dated 3rd December 1861, published in Government General Order No. 36 of 1862, which requires a service of not less than six years in the substantive rank of Field Officer to entitle a Major-General of the Staff Corps to the unemployed pay of a Major-General specified in the Warrant for that rank. That Rule still remains in force.

No. 1107.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, pending the final settlement, by Her M.'s Govt., of the position, duties, and allowances to be assigned to Officers serving with Native Regiments under the new organization, the number of "paid" Doing Duty Officers at present attached to them* shall be, as a temporary arrangement, increased to three in each Corps of Cavalry and Infantry on the scale of allowances now in force.

* One in each Regiment of Cavalry. Two in each Regiment of Infantry.

It is to be distinctly understood that appointments made with reference to this Order are subject to such modifications as may possibly be found necessary on the receipt of further instructions from Her Majesty's Government.

WITH reference to Notification No. 18 of 1860, re-organizing the Executive Branches of the Public Works Establishment in Bengal, the following modification in the scale of Establishment therein laid down is notified for general information :—

The establishment of two Superintending Engineers of the Third Class is prospectively abolished, and that of Superintending Engineer, Second Class, is increased from two to three, making six Superintending Engineers in all. The Assam Circle will for the present continue under charge of a Superintendent of Works on the pay of a First Class Executive Engineer.

The Superintending Engineer, Third Class, now in charge of the Cuttack Circle, will continue to be retained as a Supernumerary Superintending Engineer on his existing salary until absorbed.

The special appointment of Civil Architect is also abolished, and the Division will be held on the same general terms as all other Executive Divisions.

In place of the two appointments thus abolished (one Superintending Engineer, Third Class, and the Civil Architect) two more Executive Engineers of the First Class will be added to the strength of the Department in Bengal, which will then consist of—

1 Chief Engineer.
3 Superintending Engineers, First Class.
3 " " Second Class.
40 Executive Engineers.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, & DEATHS.

No notice of a Domestic Occurrence can be inserted unless authenticated by the names and address of the sender.

BIRTH.

At Sattara, on the 19th December, the wife of Captain Nicholson, of a daughter, still-born.

DEATH.

At Perambore, on the 12th December, Mrs. Mary Marcar aged 62 years.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE P. & O. COMPANY AND THE MAILS.

SIR,—A question is raised in the correspondence columns of the *Times of India*, on which I should like to say a few words. The opinions held by the writer may certainly claim originality if nothing else. He is at the same time *particularly* anxious that it should be understood that he has no connexion with the P. & O. Company whatever. However this may be, I think, whether charitably or not I leave him to decide, that he betrays a sensitiveness that is quite counter to his declaration of non-interest in the Company.

He begins his communication by telling us, that great exultation is being manifested at the fact of the long-expected opposition to the Company being accomplished ; and then he very modestly says, that he also shares in the hopes and anticipations so commonly felt. After giving a comparative statement of the resources of the two companies, he calls upon Englishmen to beware how they cripple this company, which he before said he hoped to see reduce their rates, &c. Now this is simply absurd. I should like to see how the writer reconciles those two paragraphs.

Now, Sir, to the question at issue. I as an Englishman, who at some future period, hopes to see his native land again, rejoice at this opposition, and I think every other disinterested fellow-countryman does the same. The rates hitherto charged by the P. & O. Company for very inferior accommodation, will admit of curtailment, but while they have a monopoly their rates will continue the same. That the old Company has done substantial service I admit, but that it has done substantial justice to all who have used it, I deny, and would venture to say, that there are many in India and even in Bombay who will coincide with me in this view. The writer completely shirks the question as to whether the subsidy of the British company is sufficient to admit of a large reduction in the passage rates, and simply compares the subsidy of the P. & O. Company with that given by the French Government to the new Company. What object he has in doing this would not be "charitable" I suppose, to say. That he is fully aware, there can be no doubt, or he would not be so thoroughly conversant with the figures given in his communication. Admitting for a moment, that the subsidy of the English company is not sufficient, and that the French Government know this, and have therefore increased it largely per mile, besides conferring other advantages, I would ask if it is in accordance with common sense to ask the *few* passengers who use the P. & O. company to make up the deficiency by high rates, which a niggardly Government, of a rich and prosperous country creates and permits. But this cannot be, for the amount paid to the P. & O. Co., must be in accordance with their own estimate of the value of the mail transit. Then if it is profitable for the French Government to establish this line for political purposes, and to pay to it a sibsidy of 15s. 9⅜d. per mile, surely it must be as profitable and as necessary for the British Government to do the same, who have infinitely greater interests at stake than the French Government can possibly have ? Or is it thought that England is so poor that it is necessary to fleece a few of her sons to make up the deficit. "That care should be used that we do not cripple a company whose ships have been, and are capable of being used as a transport service," is for the Government to consider. Heavy estimates are yearly presented and passed for this purpose, and it is for Englishmen and others who have to pay those estimates, to compel the Government to provide for their protection, by acquiring a transport service at once effective for every purpose, and not to expect a few individuals to bear the full brunt of this duty. I hail the advent of the new Company with joy, and wish them every success ; whether it tends to reduce rates or not the competition must be productive of good to the public. As to patronising a foreign company, in preference to an English one, I warrant that "Traveller" would be very ready to put up at a Foreign hotel in his travels, in preference to an English one, if he could get as well-served, at half the rates of the English hotel.—I am Sir, yours &c.,

ANTI-HUMBUG.

Bombay, 20th December 1862.

CORRECTION.

DEAR SIR,—I was struck to find that the other day, *i. e.*, on the 12th instant, a statement was given regarding me by one Hormusjee Byramjee during the investigation of an action brought by him against A. Lawrence. He is said to have stated in support of his case that my evidence was material therein, and that on or about the day of the trial I had gone to Tannah. Now, I deem it desirable to say, that ever since the middle of last August, I have had no occasion to leave, and stay out of Bombay for any shortest period. You will, therefore, oblige me by inserting the present correction in an early issue of your paper.—Yours obediently,

COWASJEE NOWROZJEE,
Graduate Grant Medical College.

22nd Dec. 1862.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL.

THE Overland Mail per P. and O. Company's Steamer "SALSETTE" will be closed on SATURDAY, the 27th December, at 5 o'clock P.M. An After-Packet will be kept open on payment of the usual Fee of 8 annas (which must be prepaid by Stamps), until 6 o'clock P.M. No Registered Letters will be received for the After-Packet.

	Vià Marseilles.	*Vià Southampton.*
Weight under ½ ounce...	Rs. 0 6 0	......
" 1 " ...	" 0 8 0	Rs. 0 4 0
" 2 " ...	" 0 14 0	......
" 1 " ...	" 1 0 0	0 8 0
" 2 " ...	" 2 0 0	" 1 0 0

The time for posting Letters on the days of departure of the Overland Mails has been extended one hour. When the Mail leaves at 8 P.M. Letters and Papers can be posted without extra fee up to 5 instead as before 4 P.M., and when the Steamer starts at 5 P.M. up to 2 P.M. instead of 12 noon as heretofore.

CHINA MAIL.

The Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG, per P. & O. Company's steamer "GANGES" will be closed on SUNDAY, the 28th December, at 6 o'clock P.M. A Packet for late Letters will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until 7 A.M. on the 29th December.

Letters, &c., for AUSTRALIA will be despatched by this opportunity.

SCINDE MAILS.

The Mails for KURRACHEE, and SCINDE, per Steamer, "GOVERNOR HIGGINSON," will be closed 12 hours after the arrival of the next Overland Mail.

MAILS TO MUSCAT *vià* KURRACHEE.

The Mails from Bombay for Muscat will in future be sent *vià* Kurrachee by the Mid-Monthly and other Steamers to that place, and thence forwarded by Bugla to Muscat.

CALENDAR——DECEMBER 1862.

First Quarter......Sunday 28d. 4h. 35-4m. A.M.

Days.	Date.	Sundays, Festivals, &c.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	High Water Bombay Harbour Morn.	High Water Bombay Harbour Even.	Evening Gun-Fire Shore Gun.
			h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
Tues.	23		6 31	5 28	— 22	— 47	Date 20th Dec. Time—8h. 0m. 57s.
Wed.	24		6 31	5 28	1 11	1 35	
Thur.	25		6 32	5 29	1 59	2 22	
Fri.	26	Christmas Day.	6 32	5 29	2 47	3 11	
Sat.	27	St. Stephen, M.	6 33	5 30	3 34	3 57	
Sun.	28	[Christmas. 1st Sunday after	6 33	5 30	4 19	4 44	
Mon.	29	Innocents' Day.	6 34	5 31	5 12	5 54	

CHRONOLOGY OF REMARKABLE EVENTS.

Tuesday 23rd.—Fortress of Deig taken, 1804.
Wednesday 24th.—
Thursday 25th.—Sir Isaac Newton born, 1642.
Friday 26th.—The French landed at Bantry Bay, 1796.
Saturday 27th.—Riots in Kingston, Jamaica, 1841.
Sunday 28th.—Thomas A'Becket suffered martyrdom in Benedict's Church, Canterbury, 1170.
Monday 29th.—

ABSTRACT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY FROM THE 15TH DEC. TO THE 21ST DEC. (inclusive) 1862.

Date.	Standard Barometer corrected. 10 A.M.	Standard Barometer corrected. 4 P.M.	Thermometer in the Air. 6 A.M.	Thermometer in the Air. 1 P.M.	Wet Bulb Thermometer. 6 A.M.	Wet Bulb Thermometer. 1 P.M.	Electrometer (Volta No. 1.) Maximum.	Rain in inches.
Dec 15	29.901	29.792	71.0	84.0	64.0	66.0	Out.	None.
" 16	29.921	29.824	69.4	84.4	65.4	66.0	× 20	"
" 17	29.927	29.798	70.6	83.5	63.0	63.5	× 5	"
" 18	29.895	29.765	68.5	82.2	58.5	62.0	× 9	"
" 19	29.893	29.762	67.6	82.3	60.0	65.6	Out.	"
" 20	29.931	29.806	67.0	82.6	61.5	65.0	+ 2	"
" 21			Sun	day.				

Dec. 15.—A few cirri in horizon at sunset and midnight.
" 16.—Cloudless day.
" 17.—A few cirri along the E. hor.
" 18.—Cirri scattered about.
" 19.—Partially clouded with cirri.
" 20.—Do. Do. Do.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

List of undelivered Messages on the 22nd Dec.

Meicara, Mr. Hunt mother at Hunter & Co.

NOTICE.

THERE will be no PUBLIC Breakfast at Government House next THURSDAY, CHRISTMAS DAY.

EWEN GRANT, Captain,
Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.
Government House, Parell, 22nd Dec. 1862.

NOTIFICATION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that all Public Offices at the Presidency and in the Provinces, will be closed for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS, from WEDNESDAY the 24th instant to SATURDAY the 3rd proximo, both days inclusive.

2. Provision will be made by Heads of Departments for the despatch of emergent business during the vacation.

A. D. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 19th Dec. 1862.

LATEST DATES RECEIVED IN BOMBAY

ADEN ...	Dec 16	KURRACHEE ...	Dec 13
AGRA...	Dec 16	LAHORE ...	Dec 13
ALLAHABAD ...	Nov 20	LONDON ...	Nov 18
AUSTRALIA ...	Nov 26	MAURITIUS ...	Nov 12
ALEXANDRIA ...	Nov 25	MADRAS ...	Dec 17
BANGALORE ...	Dec 9	MALTA ...	Nov 23
COCHIN ...	Dec 13	MEERUT ...	Dec 16
CALCUTTA ...	Dec 13	OUDH ...	Dec 5
CAPE ...	Nov 20	PUNJAUB ...	Dec 12
CEYLON ...	Nov 29	PENANG ...	Dec 10
DELHI ...	Dec 15	RANGOON ...	Nov 1
FRANCE ...	Nov 20	SUEZ ...	Nov 13
HONGKONG ...	Dec 1	SINGAPORE ...	Dec 8

THE Bombay Gazette.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1862.

WE understand that Government are about to appoint an officer in Kattywar whose sole duty it will be to try and suppress outlawry in that Province, and to attempt to apprehend all present outlaws. It is doubtless advantageous to suppress this evil as far as possible ; but we doubt much if the expense that will be incurred in this appointment of an officer for that purpose will be repaid by the effectual suppression of it ; and those who are best acquainted with the country think that there are other measures which if adopted would be more effectual, and surely the treaties entered into with the different chiefs are quite sufficient for the Political Agent and his Assistants to be able to suppress outlawry if those treaties are properly carried out and enforced. The one great thing Government ought to take into consideration in this connexion is the *cause* of outlawry. Why is it resorted to so much by the people of this fine province ? It cannot be resorted to from any liking for the thing itself. Remove the cause or causes of it, then, and we will guarantee that outlawry will of itself die a natural death. The great cause of this evil is, we are certain, in most cases oppression on the part of the chiefs or their Nagur Karbarees, and those persons ought to be made aware that this will not be allowed by the English Government any longer. Not to the honor of English supremacy, we regret to say, it has already been allowed to go on too long, and Government ought to tell their Political Agent to inform Chiefs that in future the treaties regarding outlaws will be strictly enforced, and that any Chief who is found on enquiry to be oppressing his subjects, will be visited with the severest displeasure of Government and that perseverance in such misconduct on their part will render their estates liable to be attached. Let the Political Agent and assistants also be told that they must not allow their time to be frittered away by allowing Vukeels and others to enter into all sorts of subjects that do not refer to the cases before them, but that they must insist on direct answers being given to questions put them and not give a long rigmarole which they are so fond of doing in order that a case may take up as much time as possible. How would the work of our own High Court ever go on if people were allowed to give a long history of a case about which the Court was making no enquiry before giving the answer that was wanted ?

No, we say do not yet appoint any officer upon a salary such as is now proposed to be done (some Rs. 700 a month we believe, let alone what his office establishment would cost) before you first of all try other measures. Many of these unhappy people are driven to outlawry owing to the delay experienced by them in getting their cases heard by the Political Agent and his assistants, and if these gentlemen had a little pressure put on them and made to carry on their work in a more expeditious way, Government would be taking a step in the right direction towards not only doing away with much existing arrears of work, but also towards doing away with outlaws, for when the people found that Government officers gave a ready hearing to their cases, it is not to be supposed but that they would greatly prefer having their cases settled quietly to adopting the precarious and for themselves most punishing plan of becoming outlaws. What we would recommend Government to do would be to issue a Proclamation, (which we believe has once already been done, but owing to one or two outlaws coming in and not getting any one to listen to them became a dead letter or even worse than that, for it tended to do away with the confidence of the people in the Political Agency,) calling on all outlaws to come in to the Political Agent or his Assistants, and lay their cases before them, and let it be known that all who come in for this purpose by a certain date will, provided there is no case of murder proved against them, be pardoned and have their complaints thoroughly enquired into, and should it be found on enquiry that any oppression from either the chiefs or their karbarees has been the cause of their going out, let the conduct of the chief be noticed in some manner, and let him be informed that in future, should it ever be proved that he or his karbaree by oppression, or by permitting oppression on the part of any one else, has been the cause of such trouble, the karbaree will have to be removed from his appointment and further that he will in future never be permitted to hold such an appointment under any other Chief, or to plead as a Vukeel in the Courts of the Political Agent, or of any of his assistants. If such measures as these were adopted so as to obtain a just rule in the Province, outlawry would of itself die out, and there would be no necessity to appoint any officer for the purpose of suppressing it.

The Political Agent and assistants of Kattywar though not overpaid, in fact, are still in all conscience sufficiently remunerated for all that they do, and they ought to be made to be a little more expeditious in their work and not allowed to waste the public time in allowing Vukeels to talk a lot of nonsense that does not refer to the different cases before them. If Government in place of appointing an officer for the suppression of outlawry were to appoint one for the sole purpose of settling boundary disputes, they would be acting much more to the purpose ; and the chiefs should be told that if they can not come to an amicable settlement of all boundaries in dispute within a certain time, Government will appoint an officer for this purpose and that they will make the disputants pay all the expenses of both the officer and his establishment. There are plenty of officers now in the Staff Corps who are quite willing and able, we doubt not, to undertake this work, and to whom an increase of pay of Rs. 200 or Rs. 300 a month or even less would be a god-send. Care, however, should be taken by Government that the officer appointed for this work knows the language of the country, and something of surveying himself ; and also that he is a man of a conciliatory manner, and not one of a violent temper, such as the officer whom we have heard named as likely to be appointed for the suppression of outlawry most certainly is.

IN our article yesterday on the prospects of the war in America as affected by the serious defeat which the Lincoln administration has sustained in the recent elections, we endeavoured to show that a speedy termination of it was certainly not the prospect which the result of these elections brought out to view. The prospects of Lancashire operatives, therefore, do not admit of a less gloomy view being taken of them in virtue of any promise of relief from America. Independently altogether, however, of any relief from America, the *Economist* is disposed to think that by the beginning of 1863 the worst of the Lancashire distress will be over. The grounds of his opinion are these : the high price of cotton and the disproportionately low prices of goods and yarn prevent cautious manufacturers from either buying or working : the effect of this is that the stock of cotton in the English market is increasing every week, while the stock of goods and yarn is diminishing : the price of the former, therefore, must fall, and the price of the latter must rise, till ere long it will become, if not really profitable, certainly neither ruinous nor unsafe to resume manufacturing operations : as soon as this point is reached, Capitalist Manufacturers, out of regard both for their operatives and their machinery, will be glad to start their mills to such an extent at least as to relieve the population from actual idleness and destitution. Our contemporary considers it pretty certain, that for the coming year 1863 a supply of cotton, independently altogether of the American crop, sufficient to keep the mills at work for four days a week can be counted upon ; and he gives the following figures :—

"A short time ago the stock of cotton in Liverpool had fallen below 70,000 bales, and prices were very wild in consequence. Exports were checked and purchases for home consumption almost ceased. Cargoes began also to arrive from India and elsewhere. The stock gradually augmented under the combined operation of these influences till it reached at the end of October 350,000. It is now pretty certain that, calculating on what has yet to arrive and making liberal allowance for probable purchase and export, the stock at the end of the year will reach nearly, if not quite, 400,000 bales. The supply which we shall obtain from India is still no doubt to a considerable extent obscure, but the best informed merchants count on decidedly more than last year, and in our expectations from Brazil and Egypt we cannot be very far wrong. The demand for export next year will, it is anticipated, be large. The Continent will have to draw almost its entire supply from this country, instead of a portion only as in ordinary years when much American cotton goes direct to Havre, and not a little Egyptian cotton direct to Trieste. The estimate for 1863, will then stand thus :—

		bales
Stock of all kinds on Dec. 31, 1862...		400,000
Probable imports from India ...bales	1,400,000	
— — Egypt ...	200,000	
— — Brazil ...	150,000	
— — Other quarters .	25,000	
		1,775,000
Total supply for 1863 ...		2,175,000
Export demand ...bales	600,000	
Consumption, for say four days a week, about 28,000 bales×52 weeks=...	1,456,000	
		2,056,000
Stock, Dec. 31, 1863 ...		119,000

"The amount required for four days work a week we have calculated on the standard of 1861. But with the economy that has since been enforced in every mill and in every process, a less quantity might perhaps suffice. The result, however, is in any case encouraging ; since it shows that, even without a single bale arriving from America, there would still be cotton enough to afford our operatives about *two-thirds* their ordinary work and wages, and still leave a stock of upwards 100,000 bales at the end of 1863."

There is, we fear, a serious error in these calculations. The amount required for four days work a week is calculated on the standard of 1861, when the American bales were those which supplied the mills. No allowance, evidently, has been made in this calculation for the difference between American and Indian bales. In the first place, the Indian bales are smaller, three of the American being equal to four of the Indian. If the calculation has been made, as it is believed to have been, on the number of American bales consumed, instead of only 1,400,000 Indian bales being required for the calculation, no fewer than 1,750,000 would be required, allowing only for the difference in size. But still another allowance requires to be made. The waste on an American bale is seldom 15 per cent., while that on an Indian bale from adulteration is generally nearly double that amount. Again, the Brazil bales are also smaller than those from the United States ; one of the latter being equal to two of the former. So that instead of 150,000 Brazil bales being required for the calculation, no fewer than 300,000 would suffice. With even the full number of 1,400,000 bales imported from India, and 150,000 from Brazil (for there is only a *probability* of these numbers from the respective sources), there would be a serious defect in the calculation. Without supplies from America, there will not then be cotton enough to afford the Lancashire operatives two-thirds of their ordinary work and wages : probably not enough to afford them more than half their ordinary work and wages. The 'less gloomy view' taken by the *Economist* of the prospects of Lancashire operatives is, therefore, not the correct one. Half their ordinary work and wages would not be sufficient to keep the manufacturing operatives in tolerable comfort as regards food and clothing.

Meanwhile the people of Lancashire, the population of which by last census was estimated at 2,430,000, are starving. In our days there has never been such a distress as this in England, extending over such a multitude of people. At a meeting held at Manchester, there was a report read by Mr. Farnall, Special Commissioner of the Poor Law Board, who had been sent by Government to the distressed districts, which stated that, in the twenty-four unions on which he reported, there was an increase in the number of persons receiving parochial relief, as compared with the number relieved in the previous week of 11,839—nearly 12,000 added to the 136,000 relieved the week before. It is then an increasing distress with no prospect of abatement. The accounts received by last mail shew us how thoroughly aroused the people of England are to the magnitude of the calamity which has befallen Lancashire. Every where people were making sacrifices to send help to the starving millions there. There could not be a nobler thing done by the any community than that of denying themselves luxuries, in which they are daily indulging, and giving the value of them to feed the starving poor. Could Bombay do nothing in this way, at this season ? One of the speakers at one of the meetings in our own country, said :—"There was once a noble Jew, who said the ark, and Israel, and Judah abide in tents, and Joab and the servants of my lord are encamped in the open field, and shall I go to my house to eat and drink ? I will not do this thing !" When, therefore, hundreds and thousands, and even millions of our fellow creatures are on the very verge of famine,—when fathers are seeing their wives and children pining for want,—when there is want within so many homes, and pestilence hovering over them, it is surely becoming at such a time as this, for all classes to sacrifice the luxuries they have been accustomed to, in order to give bread to those who are ready to perish.

CAPTAIN BLACK has received further news from the *Colombo* at Minicoy. The *Bengal* communicated with the wreck, and it appears that Captain Farquhar has succeeded in saving the whole of the mails, baggage, and cargo, and was endeavouring to get up as much of the ship's stores as possible.

THE following is a statement of the amount of Government Currency Notes in circulation, of the amount of Coin and Bullion Reserve and Government Securities held by the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 29th November 1862 :—

	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	Total.
Notes in Circulation ...	2,43,00,000	1,66,00,000	40,00,000	4,49,00,000
Silver Coin Reserve ...	1,74,51,139	87,00,000	40,00,000	3,01,51,139
Silver Bullion Reserve ...	...	79,00,000	...	79,00,000
Government Securities ...	68,48,861	...	...	68,48,861

INTELLIGENCE.

LOCAL.

TEMPERANCE MEETING AT COLABA.—The Meeting of the Colaba Branch of the Society, which generally takes place on Monday, has been postponed to this evening, when it is hoped a large meeting will be held. The progress of the cause is beginning to assume a most statisfactory state, and which, it is trusted, will be emulated on the other side of the Fort by the Sailors, the Army and Navy each "marking time on their own ground."

FESTIVITIES AMONGST THE SOLDIERS.—It is pleasant to have to record that *Christmas* is not entirely to be forgotten amongst the Corps at Colaba. The Officer Commanding Her Majesty's 33rd Regiment will entertain the children of that Regiment on Christmas eve, and the Depôt Commandant gives the details under his Command a dinner on Christmas day, examples which we trust, will be followed in many other stations.

BOMBAY JACK SHEPHERD.—The notorious Burglar John Wynne last evening has again attempted to make his escape out of the House of Correction, where he is confined awaiting transport to the Cannibal Islands and again very nearly successfully. It appears that when he was shackled in the jail, his legs were swollen ever since which they have been reduced in size, consequently he slipt the shackles over his ankles and then climbed up to the rafters in his cell, and worked his way through the lathes, plaster and tiles to the top of the roof from whence he jumped into the yard, possessed himself of a rope and some nails, and was about by their aid to escape over the wall, when luckily one of the warders saw him and secured him. It is a great pity that so valuable a man should be kept a prisoner instead of being enrolled as a detective in the Bombay Police force. He might be made nearly as valuable as Rowjee. He is now chained in a solitary cell.

FORT POLICE OFFICE.—MONDAY, 22ND DEC.
(BEFORE N. W. OLIVER, ESQ.)

THEFT.—Narrayen Sadasew was brought up, charged with stealing one brass pot, and a bundee of the value of five rupees, the property of Luxamon Ramchunder.

Luxamon Ramchunder stated,—He is a carpenter, and knows the prisoner, who was residing with him. He saw the stolen property safe in his room, about six days ago but about nine o'clock at night he missed them. Since then the prisoner did not appear to him. The prosecutor reported the theft to the Police Constable, who apprehended the prisoner. The prisoner having admitted the theft in the presence of the Police, and pointed out a Marwaree, who gave up these on prosecutor's calling a sepoy.

Cara Jeena deposed,—That the prisoner pledged with him the stolen property, about six days ago. He gave the same up in the presence of a sepoy. Prisoner was there at the time.

After the evidence of the Police Constable, the prisoner was called on for his defence—when he said that he took the pot to cook with, but as he had no money, he pledged it with the Marwaree.

His Worship found the prisoner guilty and sentenced him in the House of Correction with hard labour, for a period of one month.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARGE.—Mahomed Jaffer Mahomed Ally, was brought up charged with having in his possession a quantity of sugar, which may be reasonably suspected of being stolen, and failing to account satisfactorily how he came by the same on Sunday the 21st instant.

Alikhan a Police Constable stated,—At about seven o'clock as I was going my rounds, I saw prisoner come up from a prahu, I called him, he did not answer. I went and seized him, and found this sugar in his hand. He dropped it ; some fell in the water.

The evidence of Massue, a police Constable, was also to the above effect. His Worship convicted the prisoner, and fined him two rupees.

THEFT.—Ragoba Zilloosett was brought up, charged with stealing two pairs of gold bangles, one ring, one pair of ear studs, and one tolla wire, the property of Kessow Narrayen.

Kessow Narrayen deposed,—I am a goldsmith, I know the prisoner. I had employed him in my shop. My shop is in Chundun oart. One Paul Domingo who has charged me with robbery gave me gold to make four gold bangles, and I made four gold bangles, using seven and a half tolas of gold, out of the gold which he gave me. In order to make a joint in the bangles, I gave the prisoner half a tolah of gold, with which he made wire, which he kept, and I kept the gold bangles in my box, and we went to our respective houses. This was about six months ago. The following morning I did not go to my shop on account of a disease under my arm. The prisoner came to me about eight o'clock, and I desired him to go to work in the shop, and at the same time to borrow some rupees for me from my landlord. I waited for the prisoner until twelve, and then he did not return. I then went to my shop, and found that the prisoner was not there. I then opened my box, and missed the articles mentioned in the list. I made a report to Mr. Forjett. Last Wednesday I was present, when a policeman seized the prisoner at the village of Danda near Bandora. I charge the prisoner with stealing the articles mentioned in the list, and I pray that he may be dealt with according to law.

THE following information was laid before the Magistrate by a Hindoo named Khimjee Purria :—

I am Moonim in the employ of the firm of Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahomed, which carries on business at the Musjid Bunder. On Sunday the 14th instant, a Khoja who gave out his name as Abdoolla Mamooanee, and represented himself to be a merchant, came to me at the shop of my master's, and there contracted with me to purchase twenty-five bags containing one hundred and sixty-six and a quarter maunds of Coffee at the rate of Rs. 11-14-3 per maund. On Friday the 16th instant, the said Khoja came to the place of business of my said master's, and asked delivery of the said bags of Coffee. I asked for the payment of the value thereof, which amounted to Rupees one thousand three hundred and forty, and annas ten, when he the said Abdoola told me that he had a shop in Shamjee Hassajee Street, and that the next day upon application being made there for that purpose, payment of the value would be made. Upon the faith of this assurance I allowed the said Abdoola to take away the said goods. The next day I went to the said Shamjee Hassajee Street, and inquired of the shop of the said Abdoolla, but I found that he had no shop there, and from the information I obtained there, I believe that the said Khoja was not a merchant, but had fraudulently obtained goods from the Bazaar and absconded. I charge the said Abdoola with cheating, and dishonestly inducing delivery of property, under Section 420 of the Indian Penal Code, and pray that the said Abdoola may be dealt with according to law, and that a search warrant may be issued directed to the Police to take charge of the said goods, if found.

His worship ordered accordingly the issue of a search warrant.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank on the 20th December 1862.

Liabilities.

Proprietors' Capital ...Rs.		52,25,000
Public Deposits... "		1,09,17,512
Other Deposits ... "		97,92,036
Bank's Notes and Bills outstanding... "		6,44,412
Rest ... "		5,14,250
Rupees...		2,70,93,210

Assets.

Government Securities...Rs.		12,54,765
Loans on Deposit of Govt. Securities ... "		53,04,196
Credit Accounts on do. do. ... "		8,29,751
Bills discounted ... "		48,88,854
Dead Stock ... "		2,99,092
Balances with Branches and Agents ... "		16,73,813
Cash ...Rs.	49,05,971	
Securities ... "	20,11,541	
"		69,17,512
Cash and Currency Notes ... "		59,24,227
Rupees...		2,70,93,210

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES BLAIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE preceding statement, when compared with that of last week, shows the following results :—

A decrease in public Deposits of ...	2,50,955
A decrease in other Deposits of ...	89,011
A decrease in Banks notes and Bills outstanding of ...	15,994
An increase in the Rest of ...	52,863
A decrease in Loans on Deposit of Government Securities of...	3,76,194
An increase on Credit accounts on Do. of ...	44,248
A decrease in Bills Discounted of...	4,38,203
A decrease in Balances with Branches and Agents of ...	60,6[illegible]
A decrease in Government reserve of ...	2,50,955
An increase in cash and currency notes of ...	7,79,719

WEATHER REPORT.

At 9 hours of the 22nd Dec., 1862.

BROACH.—Fine and calm.
BULSAR.—Fair, S.E. light.
CANNANORE.—Fair, N. Ther. 81.
COCHIN.—Cloudy. Ther. 80.
GOA.—Cool, wind light from E.
KOLAPORE.—Fair, light N.E.
KURRACHEE.—Fair, N.E. cool.
MADRAS.—Cloudy N.W. Ther. 75.
PAUMBEN.—Light N.E. fair. Ther. 79.
SURAT.—Fair, morning and night cool.

LAW.

HIGH COURT.

Matter for hearing before a single Judge this day.
(BEFORE SIR JOSEPH ARNOULD, KT.)

For settlement of Issues.

75. Allaruckia Soomar and others *vs.* Charles Forjett.

PLEA SIDE OF THE LATE SUPREME COURT.

58. Alexander Henry Campbell *vs.* Ruttonjee Framjee Wacha.
60. Hurkuntroy Nowrungroy trading *vs.* Boolakedass Lallchund.
70. Ruttonsey Goculdass *vs.* Lalljee Hemraz.

COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.

Monday, 22nd December 1862.

(BEFORE J. F. HORE, ESQ.)

Premjee Morajee, Khatoo Govind and Luckmidass Dongersey, trading under the name of Rogoonathdass Premjee, versus Hajee Jacob Hajee Mahomed.

Mr. Khunderao appeared for the plaintiffs.

Dr. Reid for the defendant.

This was an action to recover the sum of Rupees Two hundred and one, being the earnest money paid by plaintiffs under an agreement entered into by defendant with them whereby the said defendant agreed to sell them eleven hundred and one hundredweight of linseed by a certain date.

Dr. Reid stated on the part of his clients that they were both ready and willing to deliver the linseed according to agreement, but that the plaintiffs declined to take delivery of the same. The last day for the delivery was the 23rd November, but the defendants had appointed a survey on the day following to suit the plaintiff : on the 26th another survey was held and again on the 29th at which the plaintiff did not attend at the stated hour. A cross action has been entered in this case to recover damages for delivery not having been taken by the plaintiffs, and the reason assigned for their not having done so, was, that the price of linseed had considerably fallen since the contract was entered into.

Mr. Khunderao said the conditions of sale of the linseed in question were that it should be delivered between the twenty-fifth of October and the twenty-third of November, which the defendants had failed to do, that his clients had called for the delivery of the linseed, but it had not been received up to the period when the agreement terminated. After this plaintiffs received notice to take delivery (the notice had no date.)

Dr. Reid said it was the 19th November, which he was ready to prove.

Mr. Khunderao said his clients wrote on the twenty-second idem and said they were ready to take delivery and would attend with their surveyor. The survey took place on the 24th when damaged linseed was offered but refused. Then on the 25th another survey was appointed to take place on the 26th ultimo, at one Wassenjee Narayen's Warehouse when his clients did attend but there was no linseed.

Dr. Reid said that Mr. Khunderao was misinformed upon this latter subject.

Khattow Govind stated that he was one of the plaintiffs in this case. He entered into the contract in question. Within ten days of the expiration of the period allowed for the execution of the contract, he made application, through the broker of his firm, for the goods. He afterwards went himself accompanied by his metah, Moteram, when he saw Wassenjee Narayen. The goods or linseed was pointed out to him and it was full of dirt. There was an unusual amount of dirt in it. It was then in Wassenjee's godown. This was four or five days before the notice was sent. Altogether the witness went seven times for the linseed, first, about ten days before the expiration of the term of contract, and daily afterwards. The linseed was only brought four or five days before the time had expired and then it was damaged. After that he sent a muccadam twice. On the 25th November a letter was received appointing a survey the next day at three o'clock to this witness went. Mr. Lowe, a surveyor of linseed, attended him, witness wished the defendant to show the goods to Mr. Lowe but was refused. Witness remained there until half-past four.

Cross-examined by Dr. Reid.—There was not much linseed in Bombay at the time. It did not go down twenty-five per cent. From the 1st or 2nd of August to the date of the first delivery, the price did not go down, that is of good linseed, bad did. Linseed might have been sold at Bennett's eight annas lower than six rupees four annas. The linseed was Sholapoor linseed. In it there is generally a little sand but not much. Went more than once to Wassenjee's as defendant had promised to furnish superior quality. Did not say he would not take it unless it was sent to Colaba in prahus (boats) but did tell the defendants to send it so, when he was told that could not be done, and delivery must be taken at the warehouse.

His Honor here said to Dr. Reid that his cross-examination only tended to show what transpired after the contract had expired. The plaintiff was not bound to take delivery on the 25th or 29th and if upon the defendant's request he did attend to take delivery, the defendants should have suited his convenience and given him every opportunity of holding the survey. The plaintiff had said he called upon the defendant several times and could not get good linseed.

Mooteram Munguljee deposed that he was metah to defendants. The linseed contained much dust. Was told there was no other when they (himself and others) refused to weigh it. Plaintiff examined the linseed the first day and declared it not of good quality. He ordered the linseed to be sent in prahus (boats) to Colaba. Here the witness recalled his words upon a loud whisper being conveyed to him and said "Not those goods but other goods."

Seetaram Visram deposed that he saw the linseed, it was "Sholapoor". Defendant refused to empty the bags. The linseed was good, and with only an usual amount of dirt in it.

Lewis David Lowe deposed that he went to the survey about three o'clock and advised the defendant to shew the goods, but he refused. Assigned as a reason that his surveyor was gone. Would swear it was not more than a quarter past three when he arrived. It is usual to wait a short time in these surveys for other parties. Defendants said they would appoint another time if their surveyor was paid. This was on the 18th December.

Monjee Narayen a dealer in linseed was called to prove that the price of linseed had not fallen at the period in question.

His Honor was proceeding to give judgment, when Mr. Khundarao thought it advisable to elect a non suit, Nonsuited and Dr. Reid's costs certified.

INDIAN.

NEWS LETTERS.

KURRACHEE, 18*th Dec.* 1862.

MANY cases of snake bites have occurred lately in the province ; but I am happy to say, owing to the promptitude in applying the medicines supplied by Government at each Police station, the sufferers recovered. The following cases of recovery are reported in the *Sindian* :—In Sudadpoor, a boy was bitten by a very bad description of snake called "Loondie" by the Sindees, and would have died had it not been that the Government medicine which, we believe, is supplied to each Thannah in the province, was at hand and applied. In the same place, a native was also bitten by one of these venomous reptiles, but his life was saved by the timely application of medicine. In Sukkrun, also, one Beelawull who received the bite of a "Loondie" recovered in consequence of medicine having been promptly administered according to the printed directions furnished to each Police station.

The Thanadar of Bagaka Tanda in his digest, dated the 18th ultimo, chronicles the recovery of a man from the effect of a venomous bite from the timely application of antidotes. This is the fourth case of recovery reported during the week ending on the 25th idem. We learn, also, that at Adam-ka-tan-da two women bitten by snake were in a fair way of recovery ; and that another woman also suffering from a snake bite, was doing well.

As a set off to the above we are sorry to hear that, a Banyan grocer named Teekam, aged twenty eight years, was bitten by a snake called the *Kuppur* on the 30th ultimo at Mulleer, and died shortly afterwards. Unfortunately, there was no Government medicine at the Police station at the time, the stock having been exhausted : otherwise the man would probably have recovered by the timely application of remedies.

The Government have ceased to reward persons for the destruction of snakes, but, on the other hand, they have issued orders that a quantity of medicine should always be kept in the different Kardarates, and Juppedars of villages have been ordered to supply them promptly when wanted. The number of deaths from snake bites in a year is truly alarming, and will go on increasing, unles the Government rewards are again ordered to be given to villagers destroying snakes and other reptiles.

The recent lamentable accident by which Mr. Bethcome lost his life, has suggested the necessity of a medical officer being appointed at Keamaree, as no medical assistance is obtainable nearer the town, which is more than three miles distant from

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

the bunder, a place which contains the bulk of the shipping, and is peopled with hundreds of souls, not to speak of the large number of passengers embarking and disembarking on board the ships. It is incumbent, I humbly think, upon the Municipal Commissioners, to erect forthwith a Charitable Dispensary at Keamaree, and apply to Government for an Assistant Apothecary to be attached to it, directing the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the Town Dispensary to occasionally visit it, in fact placing it in his charge. Of course he should be remunerated for the extra work which will be imposed on him if the erection of a Dispensary should be decided on. I have no doubt that the Municipal Commissioners will direct their attention to this great want, with a view to speedily supplying it. Had medical aid been at hand, the late Mr. Bethcome would, in all probability, have been now in the land of the living. I hear that Major Lucas, Assistant Commissary General, at whose request the deceased dived for a steel plate, has brought the destitute condition of the latter's aged parents to the notice of the Government, with a view to their bestowing a gratuity to enable the couple to live comfortably during the brief period of their closing lives.

So we are about to have a meeting convened on the 27th instant to take into consideration, the advisability of establishing an Institution in Kurrachee to afford relief to the afflicted and destitute infirm of the inhabitants! It is proposed to raise a Fund by donations and subscriptions; but at the best, it is doubtful whether the project will receive the countenance of the public. How is it, that such an object laudable in the highest degree, was never thought of before, and that our magnates never turned their attention to the infirmities and sufferings of the poorer classes? The circular calling the meeting has issued from the *Our Paper* office, and it is suggested that the name of Dr. Grierson, who laboured here for so many years, should be associated with the institution. The scheme has the hearty approval of all benevolent men, and it is to be hoped, that the meeting alluded to will terminate in something tangible and the scheme soon set on foot. But let us have the *Frere Hall* first!

A local journal draws attention to certain disgraceful outrages perpetrated in Camp, and the apathy of the Police in the matter. There will be, I trust, a thorough reorganization of the Police body as soon as the question of Municipal limits is settled. A European Constable should be appointed over the body. The outrages alluded to in the *Sindian* are the following, and the rascals are for the most part hack carriage-drivers, the scum of the population, and the associates of gamblers and drunkards:—Last Saturday evening, at about 9 o'clock, a soldier of Her Majesty's 109th Regiment, being at the time the worse of liquor, was passing Napier street on his way to his barracks, when he was waylaid by a gang of scoundrels, who observing his helpless state, knocked him down and handled *him so severely as to cause blood to flow freely from his* temples, and afterwards set about rifling his pockets. *One of our vigilant model Dogberrys was on duty* close by at the time, but stood like a monument in a niche, without the least effort to give the alarm, much less to apprehend the vagabonds. Another Policeman, equally apethetic but more stupid, instead of apprehending the men ran to the Chowry for a European guard, leaving them to escape at their leisure; the Guard took the poor soldier into custody, and delivered him up to the commanding officer of his corps the next morning; but nothing [illegible] in the matter of discovering the thieves. Last Wednesday [illegible] was passing the Sudder, and got into the hands of the Philistines who maltreated and plundered him of some cash. A fortnight back, an employ in the Railway Workshops returning in a merry mood from a fashionable hotel received a welcome from these nocturnal prowlers, and when he reached home he found himself fleeced of the money he had in his pocket. It is time, this veni, vidi, vici, sort of plundering should be put a stop to, and the rascals apprehended and turned out of the place.

SURAT, 18*th Dec.* 1862.

THE Chief and all his staff arrived on the 16th, took a hasty breakfast at our worthy Judge's, and then left by special train for Bulsar, returned in the evening having been much pleased with their visit. If the Chief's visit to Bulsar was with the idea of looking out for a spot for a Sanitarium, it would not be fruitless, for there, he would find a splendid plateau, about two miles from the sea, a hundred or more feet about its level, and not in the reach of any malarious influences. To-day the Staff have been variously employed, some attending their Chief in his Camp and Fort inspections, others visiting our famed grave-yard, meditating among the tombs of the early English rulers—by that same token the grave-yard here, under the fostering care of Old Mortality as our worthy Padre is called, is in a garden-like condition. I wonder what state the English burial ground near Back Bay is like, for when I saw it a month since its condition was that which would have disgraced a bench of savages and done no credit to the same number of Bishops. Pray where is My Lord John, is he too great a man to attend to the grave-yard almost under his very nose, where is the Archdeacon, where are the Chaplains. Pray, draw their attention to the fact, that there is such a thing as a burial ground near Back Bay, and that if it were cleared of its weeds and rubbish it would not be such a crying shame upon them. All the recent arrivals say that it is much cooler here than in Bombay, the weather with us is certainly very delightful just now. Cool evenings, colder mornings, mid-days not too hot. Our castle is now deserted. Not a single European inhabits it, the 33rd Detachment that occupied it left yesterday, and, I believe, we are to have no more Europeans in it, until another mutiny threatens. Empty as the castle is, it has its rival in the station, which is also empty. Collectors and Magistrates in the districts, dispensing justice, enjoying camp life. None left save the Judge and the Civil Surgeon and a few Regimental Sahebs to pace the deserted Midan.

The Chief's arrival has been quite an event, something that has caused a stir in the station, and will be something to talk about for some time to come. There was a good crowd of native lookers on when Sir William landed, a most respectable one,—only one slight drawback marked the landing the entire absence of Police arrangement. The City Fouzdar and the Deputy Magistrate came very late to the spot, in fact were obliged to be sent for. As for the troops under the command of Colonel Russell nothing could have been more complete than their arrangement.

Every body is asking why is Meer Jaffer Allie Khan Bahadoor not in orders as an extra member of Council? Such an appointment would give immense satisfaction, especially to the Mussalman population of Surat, and they are not few I assure you. It is due to his rank and standing, and I am sure no better man could be found. There is a large European element in him.

BENGAL.

OUR advices from Cachar up to the 5th instant, assure us of the falsehood of the bazar rumour to which we alluded on Thursday regarding renewed disturbances in that quarter. The 21st left Sylhet on the fourth instant for Jyntea and Jowai; and the arrival of Colonel Dunsford to take command of the troops daily coming up was anxiously looked for in order to the immediate commencement of the campaign.—*Englishman, Dec.* 13.

COTTON.—The cotton fever is certainly not without its effects. Cotton from every cotton-growing creek and corner is being packed and pushed forward to the nearest port of shipment. What it is every where may be gathered from what it is at Allahabad, as communicated to us by a correspondent on the spot. "There are," he says, "enormous quantities of cotton coming into the station daily, and besides loading the larger number of the country boats, the ghauts are cram-full, leaving scarcely space to walk. In fact the steamers cannot take a tithe of it coming in, and for which there is a demand for tonnage, although the rate of freight demanded is exorbitant, being not less than three rupees per maund."—*Indian Empire, Dec.* 13.

LANCASHIRE RELIEF FUND BALL.—This "Assembly" of the Season, for it has so taken its place as one, came off on Thursday evening, with all the eclat which could have been hoped for, and was attended as well by all the "fashionables" of this now gaily disposed city, as by an influential portion of nearly all classes of society. The appearance of the Hall as lighted with the brilliant gas "sunlights" furnished for the occasion *gratis* by the Oriental Gas Company was extremely beautiful, and rendered doubly more so, of course, by the "fair," who, arrayed in all the colors of the rainbow, and, as an Irishman would say "a great many more," filled its gaily decorated avenues. The Viceroy honored the assembly with his presence early in the evening, setting a good example of kindliness and good feeling thereby, as well (as is always the case) by his presence as by the geniality and amiability of his manner apparent towards all.

The Band of the 92nd Highlanders was in attendance, and played spiritedly at intervals during the evening, being relieved occasionally, to our infinite regret, by a stringed band of anything but wondrous effect, the strains of which were by no means calculated to "set the feet in motion."

The "refreshments" also would have eaten sweeter to us had they been furnished *gratis* is so good a cause, like all the other essentials.

On the whole the Ball was a success, and we trust to find result from it a large accession of funds to the Lancashire Relief Committee.—*Id.*

SIND.

THE GRIERSON INSTITUTE.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF THE STATION AND TOWN OF KURRACHEE.

A PROJECT is suggested for consideration to establish in Kurrachee, an Institution designed to afford relief to the afflicted and the destitute infirm of the community. It frequently happens that the blind, the aged, the cripple, the widow and the orphan, are thrown utterly helpless on the world, by accidents which no foresight nor care on their part can obviate, and when these wretched beings are not professional mendicants, who live by displaying their infirmities, the sufferings they must endure can easily be imagined. It is not necessary, however, to dwell on miseries of the kind here, for no one can have gone through the world and attained the years of maturity, without having personally observed instances, and endeavoured to afford relief. A Fund may be raised by Donations and Subscriptions, investing the proceeds of the first in full, and one-half of the other, using the other half, together with the proceeds of the Funded money, in giving aid. In course of time, it is obvious, this plan would furnish the means of doing a great deal of permanent good, as the funds would be constantly accumulating, and growing apace with the city. To give the Institute stability it is necessary that the parties associated with it as Office-bearers, should be possessed of position, as well as the respect of the people. It would be advisable also that the number of the Office-bearers should be large, so that their influence would permeate through all parts of the city, and through all sections of the people. If, then, the Directory were to consist of twenty-four gentlemen, representing the different sections, there can be no doubt of success. These gentlemen may frame the Bye Laws, and watch the working of the Institute, meeting occasionally, and devising means for improving its efficiency. They would appoint a Working Committee, with almoners, and supervise their labors, seeing that the Institute is kept well before the Public by means of periodical Reports, &c. As the objects of charity will consist of both sexes, Ladies may be enlisted in the undertaking, to organise and supervise the arrangements for females, and applications may be made to Government and the Municipality for assistance, which would be not refused. *It is obvious that at first the benefits* that can be conferred will be small, partial and occasional; at the same time, the scheme is calculated to gather strength with years.

The leading members of all classes of the community (as well as the Chaplains of the station) have already signifies their cordial approval of the object of the Institution, and it only now remains practical steps be taken for its formation. The name of Dr. Grierson, it is suggested, ought to be associated with the institution, as during the twenty years which he resided in the station his name was a household word among the suffering and infirm. He at any moment, was ready to attend at the sick bed of the poorest, asking no thanks or remuneration, but considering it a duty enjoined on him by a higher Power, his name has been connected with all public institutions established and municipal improvements carried out in the city since the Conquest—and it is thought that no testimonial would be more acceptable to him, than to have his name associated with an Institution established to carry out the benevolent views he himself entertained.

A public meeting will be held in the General Library and Museum, at 3 P.M. on Saturday the 27th instant, to consider the measures to be adopted for carrying out the objects of the proposed Institution.

Kurrachee, Dec. 16th 1861.—*Sindian, Dec.* 17.

BRITISH, COLONIAL, AND FOREIGN.

CHINA.

(From the Overland Strait Times, Dec. 8.)

THE political news of the past fortnight, in China and Japan, are not uninteresting. Events are in motion in both countries, which indicate progress in very definite directions.

In Japan, the departure from Yedo of the Daimios and their families still goes on. Consequent upon the breaking up of so many sumptuous establishments, large quantities of valuables and curiosities are being sold in the capital, and the houses themselves taken down. It is very evident that this withdrawal of the nobility from Yedo is no ordinary movement on the part of the Japanese, but a step resulting from serious deliberation, and designed to have the most important consequences. The consequences most immediate and apparent are, a total change in the position of Foreign Ambassadors, if not the complete destruction of foreign relations altogether; for it is clear that the stipulations for a residence at Yedo, to which we have persistently adhered, are now entirely unavailing, and their object defeated. The Consular flag may still hang over the new fortified legation buildings, and the permanent English guard may be posted there to dignify the British Minister Plenipotentiary; but the men in whose eyes it was sought to appear dignified have all left the place, and the retainers against whose attacks the new stronghold is being constructed have gone away to Miako with their masters. In point of fact, we have no position at all in Japan at present, beyond the mere circumstance of our being in the country, contrary, it is to be feared, to the laws of the nation. It has come to our knowledge of late, in an indirect manner, that we have no relations whatever with the highest authorities in the country, and the discovery is calculated to paralyse all Consular and Diplomatic action on the part of our officials. The native officers charged with foreign affairs employ themselves mainly in devising and carrying out plans for the more strict seclusion of foreigners from all intercourse with the people; they also receive reports of assassinations, and go through a form of framing replies to them. But the frailty of our position has, of late, been so exceedingly apparent, that the idea of permitting matters to remain on their present footing cannot be entertained. Although there are no reasons for supposing that the Japanese rulers intend to assume an openly hostile attitude towards the foreign powers, yet it would be a mistake to imagine that they are unprepared for war That they have long been making patient preparations for the worst is the opinion of many close observers; and it is an opinion which has always been urged in our own columns, where we have likewise ventured to affirm that Japanese diplomatists will have the best of it in any complications that may apparent between Japan and the representatives of the West. It is most likely that recent events, and particularly the withdrawal from Yedo, are movements planned, partly to provoke foreigners to some decided step, and partly to prepare for whatever step may be taken by the intruding nations. Japanese politicians undoubtedly desire to bring on a crisis, but they also wish to shun taking the initiative. There is something admirable in the fact of a nation that has been long secluded from acquaintance with the world and from connexion with the great comity of nations as the phrase goes,—there is something admirable in the fact that such a nation feels itself amenable to universal opinion, and proceeds cautiously in the work of breaking off a connection that had been irregularly formed, and which the government neither sanctioned nor desired. We cannot avoid respecting the care taken by the Japanese to do no act, in regard to foreigners, that shall appear to the world as arbitrary or unjust. They seem to wish that when their share in any coming quarrel is written down, it will bear scrutiny and defy censure. So far as we can see, they have committed themselves to no one policy as yet. The latest items of news admit of a very peaceful and cheering construction, although they also admit of the reverse. We learn by the last advices that the steamer *Lancefield*, so long well-known in these waters, has been sold to a Japanese Daimio for $125,000; the *Jin-kee*, a very fine fast steamer, for $150,000; and the *Columbia*, another steamer, for $80,000. These, and previous purchases the owners are likely to trade with in the meantime; but, in the case of events taking a less pacific turn, it is easy to see that the various vessels could still be turned to good account. The Tycoon himself is the purchaser of the *Jin-kee*, and it is almost certain that an attempt will be made in the first instance to establish a foreign import trade in these new native bottoms, between Japan and Shanghae. The attempt will be made to conduct foreign commerce without the presence of foreigners in the country, so that those native politicians who adduce the advantages of foreign trade as a reason for tolerating the presence of foreign merchants, may have the ground cut away from beneath their feet. A Japanese steamer has already visited Shanghae, and her owners were most minute in their enquiries as to the prices of imports, and the customs duties levied upon them. If the foreign trade could be saved and foreigners themselves spared, the only point so difference among Japanese statesmen would be finally set at rest.

From the three Northern Ports, there are no news of importance. We hear that Mr. Morgan, who has been for some time Acting-Consul at Tien-tsin, proceeds to England by next mail. In the course of a month, communication with the North by sea will be closed for the winter. The Annual Races have just come off at Tien-tsin.

With regard to the Rebels, we have to record an engagement at Pao-kong, a large village about twelve miles north-east of Tsing-poo, on the road between that city and Kah-ding. Colonel Burgevine, (Ward's successor) having been informed that a large force of Rebels was encamped in that direction, proceeded with a force of 1,000 of his drilled Chinese, on the 12th ultimo, to look out for the enemy. On reaching Pao-kong, it was found that about 10,000 Taepings had entrenched themselves strongly in a camp of fifteen stockades. Nothing was done that day but on the following day four guns and two mortars were put in position and the place was gallantly carried after an hour's firing. The storming party was led by a brave young Chinese officer named Wong-ee-poo, to whom Admiral Hope had presented a sword for gallantry. This young soldier, however, was mortally wounded. The Taeping Chief, Wo-wang, was also killed after he had rallied his men several times. The Rebel loss is set down at 2,000 killed, and that of Colonel Burgevine at 5 killed and 15 wounded; this looks like exaggeration. An English surgeon attended to the wounded men. This is the most effective display that has yet been made by unassisted Chinese troops, and it confirms the opinion expressed by almost every English officer who served in the North during the campaign of 1860, that, under proper training, the Chinese would make most efficient soldiers.

The great movement at present in contemplation by the Imperial forces, is the capture of Nanking. The Russians are said to have offered their assistance; and we hear that the Tartar General, Toh, of the garrison of Ching-chow, in the same province as Hankow, has been ordered by the government to join the besieging force at Nanking; he has just gained some victories over the Shen-si Rebels.

At Hankow, the busy season is over; the rebuilding of the city continues, and, in a year, the whole will have been rebuilt. The sickness which has been so prevalent in Shanghae and elsewhere has fortunately not reached Hankow. We reported lately that bands of robbers had appeared within thirty miles of the city; these have since retreated, and are understood to be crossing the border into Honan where the people are used to their constant presence. These banditti were not considered really dangerous, as being badly armed, they always disappeared before the troops sent against them.

From Shanghae, we hear of further alarms of Rebels in the neighbourhood. The *North China Herald* says:—

We have been favoured with the substance of the translation of a Rebel Proclamation, which has been posted up in several parts of the settlement within the last few days. It bears the seal of the Taeping Chief Moo-wang. Whether genuine, or merely got up for the purpose of creating a panic, we are unable to determine. It is to the effect that the Kiangsi Rebels, 150,000 strong, are coming down on Shanghae within three days. But that the native inhabitants need be under no apprehension; as, if not opposed, they will receive no hurt at their hands. They are enjoined to render no assistance to the Imperialist troops, or to the Foreigners: but to get rice and other necessaries cooked ready for their use, on their arrival. In the event of opposition, those who wish to save themselves, are desired to wear a red badge around their heads.

From Manilla, we learn that, on the 6th ultimo, a violent storm of wind, said to be a typhoong was experienced in the Northern province and was felt with more or less intensity in various districts. Much damage has been done to houses, roads, bridges, and to the crops. The shipwrecks reported are those of the Spanish barques *Amistad* and *Manuelita* and the brigs *Estrella* and *San Jose;* various coasting craft have also been lost. But the most deplorable wreck was that of the American ship *Nabob*, of Boston, Baxter master, bound for Shanghae with coals. She was wrecked on the coast near to Aparri, Cagayan; 17 men and one woman (the Steward's wife) were drowned; and 14 saved themselves by swimming. Among the latter were the Captain, First Mate, Assistant Mate, Carpenter and Steward. The weather is still hot in Manilla, and the barometer low.

From Canton, we hear that the Viceroy, Laou, has been degraded in consequence of the charges urged against him at Peking. He is succeeded in office by Lia-chang-yew, formerly Governor of Kwan-si; but, for some months, Laou will remain in charge. The new Viceroy is unknown to foreigners.

In Hongkong, matters go on as usual. The Opium Swindle, which has worn various aspects since it first burst on the public, is now likely to be heard of for the last time. Rustomjee Burjorjee, who at one time, affected so much innocence that people fancied he would sue the banks he had cheated, for loss of market and margin of price,—but which, by the way, he could not have done, as he was a shareholder in the Receiving Ship,—has been sentenced to Ten Years' Penal servitude for stealing the opium. The various Bank Managers here at the time of the swindle continue in charge with the exception of the Manager of the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China," whose resignation is very justly regretted by this community, among whom he is well-known and esteemed for his courtesy and business capacity. An advertisement [illegible] his disconnection from the Bank was inserted by order of the Directors in some of the papers here. Its discourteous style of diction drew attention to it, and stimulated enquiries as to what sort of men the Directors of the Chartered Bank are. That they committed a mistake in changing their Manager, would appear from the following copy of address presented to that gentleman, after he had quitted their service:—

Hongkong, 21st November, 1862.

JOHN W. MACLELLAN, Esq.,—Hongkong.

DEAR SIR,—We have heard with much regret of the resignation by you of the Management here of the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China." Permit us, on your so retiring, to express our sense of the invariable courtesy towards the public, which has characterised your period of management, and which has only, we believe, been equalled by your zeal for the interests of your establishment.

Wishing you every future success in life,—We are dear Sir, yours faithfully, Jardine, Matheson & Co. Dent & Co. p. pro. Fletcher & Co. W. Schmidt. Russel & Co. P. N. D. N. Camajee & Co. Joshua Gubbay & Co. and about forty others.

From Ningpo, reports have been sent of a "difficulty" having occurred with some Chinese soldiers and the Tao-tai. It is said that the latter, indignant at not being properly saluted on the street by one of the former, caused punishment to be inflicted, which resulted in mutiny and bloodshed. The report requires confirmation; as it stands, it looks very bad.

As we are going to press, we learn that the large body of Taiping Rebels which has been reported during the past few days as marching on Naz-iang, has been encountered at Szu-chiang-kou, a place beyond Wang-du, by a body of Honan Imperialists, and drilled Chinese, led in person by the Governor of this Province, who totally routed them. They are said to have retreated in great confusion to Kun-shan. We are reliably informed that the Governor shewed great personal bravery on the occasion.—*North China Herald, Nov.* 15.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE Rear Admiral Commanding His Netherlands Majesty's Naval Forces in the Indian Archipelago, and Inspector of the Navy, informs herewith, all Navigators, that at Tandjong-Kalean, situated near Muntok, isle of Banka, on the 16th of May, 1862, a Light House was erected, showing a fixed, bright, Katadioptrick light of the second order; which light is placed on a stone tower 52 ells high (117 feet), so that the same is visible from the deck of a vessel at a distance of 5 german or about 30 English miles.

The light burns every night from sunset to sunrise, and is visible from sea all round the compass. The tower is white, the top of the same and the lanterns are painted red.

On the Chart of the Strait, "Banka," from Edeling edition 1860; this light has to be marked at 105° 7' 30" East Longitude from Greenwich, and 2° 5'. South Latitude.

The Light Services.

1st.—Vessels coming from the North wanting to enter the strait at a distance of 1½, to 2 geographical miles to the Westward and Northward of the Frederick Hendrick rocks, can by sighting the light proceed safely between the former's dangers, and the Banka shore; and vessels bound to the North, out of the strait, can by keeping the light in sight, and using the lead as a guide, proceed safely between the Frederick Hendrick rocks and the Sumatra shore.

2nd.—The passage between the Karrang, Hadjie, and Tandjong Kalean, can be used by this light.

3rd.—The light also serves as a mark for the passages along the Banka shore, beginning at Tandjong Kalean to Karrang Brom, on the one side, and to the Amalia bank on the other—by taking the bearing of the light, ships can safely approach the 4th point of Sumatra.

4th.—The light will serve at the same time as a guide for vessels bound to Palembang, wanting to make the entrance of the river in the night.—*North China Herald, Nov.* 22.

MOVEMENTS OF H. M. TROOPS.—Brigadier-General Staveley has issued an order that the left wing of the 5th Bombay N. L. I. is to remain in Shanghai until the Spring, under command of Major Taylor, but the head quarters and band return to Bombay by the *Dalhousie*, and were to embark yesterday. The detachment of the 22nd Bombay N. I. just arrived by the *Hesper*, will relieve the detachment of H. M. 31st Regiment at Fawha. The field force that left the Settlement on Saturday for Nanzing consisting of 200 of the 31st, 200 Beloochees, with two mountain howitzers and four mortars, under command of Colonel Hough, have returned to Shanghai, leaving 500 French and a large body of Imperialists at that post—which has been strongly intrenched by the latter.—*Shanghae Shipping List.*

IMPORTS.

(From the Overland Trade Report, Nov. 30.)

OPIUM.—HONGKONG.—The only supply has been by the steamer *Singapore* of about 1,100 chests Malwa from Bombay, and 50 chests Benares from Singapore.

Patna.—The demand has been rather languid and prices have tended downwards owing to the anxiety of certain parties to realize for remittance, sales having been made to some extent at $712½ to $720 both for cash and on time, but in consequence of the receipt on 26th current of highly favorable advices from Shanghai, an active real and speculative demand resulted, *Patna* rose on that day from $717½ to $740 and a further advance of $10 was established the next day, when sellers coming forward freely, prices again receded by $5 to $7½ per chest. Since then rates have constantly fluctuated about $5 to $10 and the market seems rather unsteady. The Chinese are very cautious in buying at these rates, which they consider to be extreme, they just take from hand to mouth, and as heavy supplies of *Malwa* are close at hand coupled with the near approach to the steamer *Reiver* with the 11th sale Opium, which vessel may in all likelihood bring a full supply, it will necessarily tend to lower the market, as sales have already been effected against arrival at $690 to $710. It should however be observed, that the stock of this drug is small, large shipments having gone forward within the last few days to the North and coastwise, and it is generally conjectured, that there will be hardly any left on the market by the time the next supply arrives. The "*Reiver's*" cargo may therefore be looked upon as the only quantity available. The feeling at present appears to be for low prices unless however a good Chinese demand assists the market.

Benares.—The same remarks may be applied to this Drug as that given to *Patna*, excepting that there is no gambling operations upon it. It declined about $30 from last quotation of $725, the lowest sale having been made at $690; since then it has advanced with the use of *Patna* by about $25 to $30 per chest; there is not much now in first hands and none is likely to be left by the time a fresh supply comes in. On the whole, the demand has been very fair for this Drug during the latter part of the month, present rates may be taken at $715 to $720, but these cannot be expected to the maintained, and lower prices by about $25 to $30 per chest may be expected during next month.

Malwa.—Has kept very steady in demand with hardly any fluctuation in rates the marked has been quite cleared of first quality Drug at $740 to $750 and in some instances as high as $760 has been paid; as large supplies are shortly expected a serious decline upon present quotations may take place. At present there is not much even of inferior Drug in the place, prices have only been kept up owing to moderate supplies by the last few arrivals, but as it is reported, that between 4 to 5,000 chests will be on the market within a short period, at a reduced duty, present rates should not at all be depended upon.

SHANGHAI.—After the departure of the last Mail, the native dealers were willing to purchase this drug at Tls. 580 *a* 585, and a large quantity had been consumed before the arrival of the Mail; but as the inferior quality was almost all difficult to sell here, the foreigners continued to ship gradually to the North River Ports, the stock was very much reduced. In the meantime the str. *Ly-ee-moon* and Mail boat *Pekin*, arrived here on the 20th, with a very short supply and favorable news from the South, consequently the rate is advanced here rapidly and to-day's quotations for good drug Tls. 625 to 630.

Patna.—The demand for the article remained active, and the prices advanced to Tls. 575. There was none of this article left in the market to sell before the arrival of the Mail. Afterwards the str. *Ly-ee-moon* brought a very short supply—and the Mail boat without any the speculators therefore raised the price at once to Tls. 625. There is no regular market.

The deliveries of the fortnight are large, amounting to 2,662 chests *Malwa*, and 505 do. *Patna*, the stock remaining unsold on the 20th instant being 1,031 chests *Malwa*, and 274 do. *Patna*.

FOOCHOWFOO.—The demand is steady and holders are firm. The clearances of the fortnight are reported at 180 chests Malwa, and 50 do. Patna.

The following are the latest quotations.

HONGKONG, *30th November*, 1862.
Patna $720 to 725, Benares $700 to 705, Malwa $750 to 755.

SHANGHAI, *22nd November*, 1862.
Malwa *tls.* 625 to 630 Patna *tls.* 625.

FOOCHOWFOO, *22nd November* (*duty paid*)
Malwa $800 to 810 Patna $825 to $830.

EXCHANGE BULLION, &c.

(From Sharp & Co.'s Circular.)

HONGKONG, *30th November*, 1862.

Gold.—Supplies of this metal from the North still continue. There has been less demand for Pekin bars for shipment to India—these therefore are mostly manufactured into leaf, of which some two lakhs of dollars worth have changed hands during the fortnight, about half a lakh in bars arrived from San Francisco.

Silver.—English Bar Silver is becoming almost unknown. The amounts received have been extremely small. *Some few pieces of California Bar arrived from* San Francisco by the "*Henry Brigham*" but the *prices obtained have not been satisfactory. Sycee* still forms a considerable item in the India remittance by this oportunity, the demand for it here being limited.

Mexican Dollars.—These have been in demand both for Shanghai and for Singapore, and the supply being very small their value has advanced. The supply in Shanghai appears to be mainly absorbed by the requirements of the Japan market, large purchases having been made with less rigid particularity as to the exact complexion of the coin. The Mail brought on about £100,000 worth all told: more than half of these were on government account.

Exchange.—In this mail we may notice an advance of one per cent. The Commissariat announcement of Tenders for the 22nd November appeared early, and tended to delay purchases. This, together with the recent considerable drawings from Shanghae, and a limited demand for rupee remittance, may be the explanation.

Exchange and Bullion closing quotations:—
On London 6 months' sight 4/8 to 4/8½.
On Calcutta 3 days' sight Rs. 222.
On Bombay, 3 days' sight Rs. 224.
On Singapore 15 days' sight 2½ p. cent prem.
On Shanghai 15 days' sight Tls. 77½.
The Commissariat accepted Tenders for 30 days' sight as high as 4/7½.
English Bar Silver 17 cwts. *B.* 6½ p. cent prem.
California Bar 99,5 Touch 6 per cent prem.
Sycee ......5 per cent prem.
Mexican Dollars No. 1, 4 per cent prem.
Mexican Dollars No. 2, 2½ per cent prem.
Gold Leaf ......$23.20 per tael.
Gold Bars *Pekin* ......$23.50 "
Do. *California* ......$23.05 "
Equivalent to 100 touch.
English Sovereigns ......$4.52 each.
American Double Eagles ......$17.90 each.

SHANGHAI.—Business for this Mail has been of average amount. The sterling rate opened weak, and a fair quantity of First class Credit Paper was disposed of at from 6s. 1d. to 6s. 1½d. The continued neglect of Bank Paper and the arrival of the Home steamer with but a small amount of Bullion, has however made the rate firmer at the close of business, but it does not seem probable that next fortnight will see the closing quotations maintained.

Rupee Drafts have been in active demand and a good deal of business has been done at 295 to 296.

The demand for Drafts on Hongkong has not been supplied and rates are merely nominal, 24 to 25 per cent discount.

Mexican Dollars, have taken an upward movement owing to small arrivals, and are firm at quotations.

Carolus Dollars quite neglected.

The following are the closing rates:—

On London, Bank Bills. 6 months, sight 6*s.* 1*d.* per Tael. First Class Credits. 6 months' sight 6*s.* 1½*d.* per Tael. Documentary and other Bills, 6 months' sight 6*s.* 1½*d.* to 6*s.* 2d.

On Calcutta, Bank Bills, 3 days' sight Rs. 296 per 100 Taels.

On Bombay, Bank Bills, 3 days' sight Rs. 295½ per 100 Taels.

On Hongkong, Bank Bills, 10 days' sight 24½ to 24¾ per cent. discount. Private Bills, 15 days' sight 24¾ to 25 per cent discount.

Gold Bars,—Pekin, 98¾ touch, Tls. 16. 3 per Tael Shanghai weight.
Gold Leaf,—Taels 10 per Tael Shanghai weight.
Bar Silver,—111,50 Shanghai Tls. per 100 Tls. Canton weight.
Mexican Dollars,—Tls. 81.60.
Carolus Dollars,—$115 per 100 Taels.
Copper Cash,—1,420 per Tael.

FOOCHOWFOO.—On Hongkong, has fluctuated considerably (one small transaction being reported as low as half per cent.) in consequence of an instalment of the money due from the Chinese Government to the Treaty powers having been put upon a flat market. This large sum ($320,000) was disposed at ¾ to per cent. Transactions have since taken place at 1¼ per cent., which is the present rate. Exchange on London may be called 4/8¾, but no transactions are reported.

AMOY.—Drafts on Hongkong 10 days' sight 1 per cent discount. Mexican Dollars. 1 per cent discount. Sycee, old 3.2 per cent; new, 5.2 per cent premium. Gold Bars, $22.10 per Tael. Copper Cash, $14.50 per picul.

YOKOHAMA.—Drafts on Shanghai at 10 days' sight 4½ to 4¾ per cent discount, 83 Shanghai Taels $100. Sterling Drafts 5*s.* 3*d.*
Mexican Dollars.—$100 for 214 Itz.

TIENTSIN.—Gold Bars, Tls. 15.10 to 15.8 per tael weight, Mexican Dollars, very scarce. Copper Cash, 1,385 per tael Sycee.

TONNAGE.

CANTON WATERS.—The business of the fortnight has been small. There is a scarcity of Sugar which is much wanted North. The Rice market being bad very little is doing in charters for that article. Nothing is doing in emigration, either free or hired. To the United States business is slack. The only redeeming feature is the shipment of Cotton to England.

Prospects however are not altogether cheerless. Some of the above mentioned causes which combine at the present moment to depress Shipping, must naturally soon work in the contrary direction, and as tonnage on the Coast is sensibly decreasing, an improvement many shortly be expected.

CASUALTIES.

LOSS OF THE "MANUELITA."—We have been informed that the Spanish barque *Manuelita*, hitherto a regular trader between this port and Manila, has been totally lost near the latter port during the late gales.

We learn further that in the same gale that the *Manuelita* was lost—nine others suffered the same fate. The news has come here per H. M. S. *Sanspareil* which left Manila on 19th November.

"STELLA MARIS" LOSS OF THE CAPTAIN.— *Stella Maris* Dutch brig, arrived off the French Coal Depot on the 12th inst., from Hongkong, having left that port on the 2nd September after having experienced a series of heavy gales. On the 21st September put into Amoy through stress of weather and remained there seven days. Off the south Cape of Formosa on the 13th of October, heavy gales and falling barometer, showing indications of the near proximity of a cyclone to the N. W. setting easterly, and consequently made every thing secure to meet the emergency, the gale still increasing up to the 2 A.M. on the 11th, and tremendous cross sea, the ship rolling and straining fearfully, barometer 29.60. About this time the sea came on board in all directions, carrying away, the after top-gallant rail, and bulwarks on the starboard side, carrying with it Captain Leeflang, and three seamen, 2 of the latter fortunately saved themselves by catching at the main braces—everything moveable on deck being washed away; at 8 A.M, on the 14th, weather began to moderate, but still hard gales on the 15th and on the 16th moderate breezes after which generally fine.—*Shanghai Daily Shipping and Commercial News.*

The American barque *Emily C. Star* Captain Sargant left Nagasaki on 15th October with a cargo of lumber for Shanghai and up to the latest date, she had not reached her destination, and it is much feared that she is lost.

The *Camden*, a vessel lately arrived in Shanghai reports having seen a timber laden vessel bottom up off the Loochoos.

The *C. F. Lessing* from this port bound to Foochow, it is feared has been lost, she is considerably overdue.

"VISCOUNT CANNING."—The steamer *Viscount Canning* has been thirty-six days on her passage from Bangkok to this port. It appears she was supplied with very bad coal, and not enough of that even, and moreover she was certainly laden too deeply to come up the sea, at this time of the year.

It came on to blow fresh when the vessel was about one hundred and fifty miles to the northward of Saigon. Put into How-e-tow Bay and remained there nine days, having during that time laid in a supply of wood. Upon the weather moderating put to sea, experienced very heavy weather, lost nearly all the canvas, but managed to get into port in Luzon, (a place we hear, which has just been surveyed and declared a fit spot to build an arsenal, docks, &c.) here more wood was procured and after laying there five days put to sea, and succeeded in reaching Manila. Encountered very heavy weather between Manila and this port. The steamer has sustained no damage further than the loss of sails.

AUSTRALIA.

SUMMARY.

(From the Geelong Advertiser, Nov. 25.)

THE Mail Steamer, Northam arrived here on 11th instant with the September mails; one day overdue. A condensed epitome of the news reached here by telegram via Adelaide, on the 10th. The latest direct English advices were to 26th September, but these were supplemented by telegraph via Jubal to 4th October. The news of the progress of the Civil war in the States was received with profound interest; the general sympathies of the colonists being entirely with the Confederates.

POLITICAL.

Although parliament has been in Session since the 7th instant, the political events of the month, are unimportant, and have not caused any notable degree of public excitement. It was anticipated that a fierce onslaught would be made on the ministry for the shortcomings of the Land Act and their administration of it, but the opposition were feeble and divided, the ministry were careful not to give offence, the public were sick of political agitation, and were afraid that nothing would be gained by a change of masters, so that the attempt to get up a cry against the Government fell off into a rather pitiable whine, and there is no prospect of any successful attempt being made during the remainder of the session to bring about a crisis. The following is the speech with which His Excellency, the Governor, opened Parliament:—

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:—

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:—

In calling you together for the despatch of business, I anticipate that it will be found that the measures passed by you during the last session will tend materially to shorten the period to be devoted to your Parliamentary duties, and that you will now be able to direct your attention to several subjects of a practical character which have hitherto not been disposed of, although their pressing importance has been generally admitted.

In order further to relieve you from the necessity of having to give matters of detail that time which may more profitably be given to questions of a wider range a measure will be submitted to you the object of which is to confer upon local bodies many of those duties and responsibilities which have hitherto devolved upon the general Government, and have therefore formed more or less the subject of the deliberations of the Legislature.

A Bill will also be laid before you for consolidating and amending the laws relating to local government in our towns, and the object has been kept in view of making its provisions as far as possible harmonise with those contained in the Bill for the local government of the other portions of Victoria.

The advantages to be derived from the extension of local government are not confined to relieving Parliament of a burthensome portion of its functions. Public works will be carried at more economically than hitherto has been the case, when their execution shall be placed under the control of those who will be directly benefitted by them; while there are certain sources of revenue out of which a portion of the cost of these works might properly be defrayed, which would be more productive if the task of collecting them were entrusted to the same persons upon whom the duty of expending them devolved.

In accordance with a desire expressed during the last session steps have been taken towards the consolidation of our statute law. Among others, a Bill has been prepared embracing the substance of all the Acts now in force relating to the commission of crimes and punishment of criminals. The establishment of local insolvency courts has been long desired, and a Bill will be submitted for your consideration which contains provisions to effect this end, while at the same time, it will form an insolvency Code.

The Act for the Registration of Parliamentary Electors has been found of such an unsatisfactory character that it has been deemed necessary in two sessions to pass Acts for suspending its operation. It occasions a heavy expenditure; it has not been found to ensure that the names of all persons entitled to votes are placed on the Electoral Rolls; the improper repetition of names which so frequently occurs under it has, it is to be feared, in too many instances, facilitated frauds; and it has afforded no adequate protection against personation. The laws which regulate proceeding at elections and provide for the determination of the questions which arise out of elections also stand in need of amendment.

My advisers have prepared a Bill relating to the registration of electors, the conduct of elections, and the investigation of disputed returns, of such a character that, while it does not restrict the existing franchise, or abridge the privileges now enjoyed, it will, as they believe tend to economy, and check the offences to which I have referred: and to it I therefore I invite you to give your careful consideration.

Several Acts relating to partnerships and the formation of companies with limited liability are at present in force, but serious defects have been found to exist in all of them, and your attention will be called to the necessity of further legislation on this subject, with the view of affording additional facilities for the safe investment of capital in those industrial enterprises which develope the resources of a new country.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly.—

It affords me much satisfaction to be able to inform you, that when the accounts of the year 1862 are finally closed, the deficiency of the year 1861 will, in all probability be extinguished, and that no liabilities on account of preceding years will burthen the revenue of the year 1863.

The estimates will be laid before you without delay. They have been framed with a view to keep the expenditure within such limits as will render additional taxation unnecessary. Should the measures, which will be submitted to you for the purpose of extending the powers and duties of local bodies receive your sanction, I trust the time is at hand at which considerable reductions may be effected in the cost of central establishments.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:—

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly,

At the close of last session I intimated my intention of appointing a Commission to enquire into the condition and requirements of the population on the Gold Fields. I have accordingly appointed three Commissioners, who have given much time and attention to the subject, and whose report I am assured will be prepared in time to enable measures based upon it to be submitted for your consideration during the present session.

I have also appointed a Commission to enquire into the best method of dealing with lunatics. It has been recommended that new lunatic asylums should be erected; and it will be the duty of my advisers to invite you to consider the best mode of giving effect to this recommendation. Your attention will also be called to a Bill embracing the whole question of the treatment of lunatics, and the management of their property.

In addition to those which I have already enumerated Bills will be submitted to you in the course of the session relating to the management of railways, the sale of fermented and spirituous liquors, industrial schools, and reformatories for juvenile offenders, the post office, the regulation of the police force, and other important subjects.

Full and exact information in respect to the working of the Land Act which came into force at the close of the last session will be speedily laid before you, as well as a report of the measures which have been taken, and which it is still proposed to take, to prevent the evasion of the law.

I have to congratulate you upon the opening, since last session, of one of our national lines of railway through the north western Gold Fields to the Murray. Steps have already been taken towards its extension in accordance with the decision of the Legislature.

I am rejoiced to say that the resources and industrial enterprise of Victoria have received so satisfactory a recognition at the International Exhibition in London as cannot fail to be highly advantageous to our interests.

I trust that the labor to be devoted by you to the consideration of the various measures to which I have referred will, by the blessing of God, greatly tend to the moral, social, and material prosperity of the inhabitants of the country.

The amendment to the address merely alleged that the Land Bill had failed to accomplish its avowed object, that it had been improperly administered, and that no more sales of land should take place until its defects had been amended. After four nights debate the amendment was negatived by 40 to 30. At the outset the ministry were inclined to be defiant and to resist all importunity to amend the act, but towards the close of the debate, they made some concessions, as will be seen by the concluding remarks of Mr. Duffy, in reply to a question put to him by one of the members for the county of Grant:—

Mr. Lalor wished to have some information from the minister over the Lands' Department relative to the manner in which the Act was now to be carried out. From the debate it had been evident that the Act had worked badly, and he thought it was the duty of the House to prevent the land [illegible] squatters in the manner described. [illegible] hon. members believed that while these [illegible] pending, the land would be still th[illegible] would, therefore, ask the hon. member [illegible] the Board of Land and Works if, until [illegible] for evasion were brought on he would [illegible] mation of more agricultural areas [illegible] he would not proclaim any more until [illegible] amended the Act. He thought that t[illegible] would also be justified in withholding [illegible] those parties who had obtained the[illegible] improper manner.

Mr. Duffy felt that the question [illegible] been asked was entitled to a reply. H[illegible] fore state that as soon as the evasi[illegible] had been made known, the Governm[illegible] refrained from proclaiming other ag[illegible] but those already proclaimed for this [illegible] put back for next year. It was the [illegible] Government to proclaim no more a[illegible] present year. There was at present [illegible] of land open for selection, but the r[illegible] ly moderated, and the returns from [illegible] as far as they could be ascertain[illegible] whole of last week, old not amount [illegible] (Mr. Ramsey: "The rush was all over.") [illegible] Well, if the rush was all over, what was the use of hon. members preventing the areas being thrown open. At Ballarat the amount selected during the period just quoted was 851 acres, at Benalla 156 acres, at Melbourne 176 acres, and at Sandhurst 407 acres, and in other districts none at all. The Government intended to keep the areas which had been proclaimed open, but there was no intention to throw open others until the evasions had been tried, or until the Act was amended. The hon. member had asked what was the intention with reference to the grants? The hon. member for Williamstown assumed that the Government intended only to withhold the grants from persons who had been convicted. He would, however correct that statement, as the Government intended wherever there had been any reasonable suspicion, to withhold the grant until the matter had been properly investigated. It had been considered that that was the full length that could be gone in that direction, as in many of the land offices the selection had been *bona fide*. (Hear, hear.) Whenever there was the slightest suspicion, it was his intention to keep back as much as possible from issuing the grants. Whether the evasions were investigated or not, it would be the duty of the Government to advise with the Legislature on the subject. If the Government had come down to the House, without due deliberation, with any amendment, it would have been at once received by a portion of the House as entirely futile, and the Act would have been considered better as it now stood, without the amendment at all. Since the House met last, and since the honorable member for East Bourke Boroughs laughed at the appeal to a sheriff's jury, he had received information that no longer ago than last week, land was taken by that appeal from the first selector, and given to the party who brought the complaint. The member for Brighton mentioned that he could not understand why the Government had not at once come down with an amendment; but he would inform that hon. member and others as well, that the only information which the House had at present upon the subject was the report which had been laid on the table. That report was only completed a day before Parliament met, and up to that period there had been no evidence to satisfy a jury in a *case of even petty larceny. The materials for the pro*secution were being collected gradually and when they *were completed proceedings would be at once taken.* He was persuaded that when the Act was amended, it would *be found to be one of the most effectual measures ever* passed for the settlement of the land question. (Hear, hear.)

None of the measures promised in the Governor's speech have yet reached their second reading, so that the work of legislation can be hardly said to have been commenced. The Bills for conferring upon local bodies "many of the duties and responsibilities formerly devolved upon the general government" will attract the greatest share of attention. It is feared that the government wish to throw the additional burdens on the country districts without at the same time surrendering an adequate proportion of the existing taxation; and if so, these measures will not be received with much satisfaction, notwithstanding the earnest desire that exists for the concession of a larger measure of self government.

RAILWAYS.

Now that the Government lines are opened throughout their entire length from Melbourne to Bendigo and from Geelong to Ballarat, the desirability of extending them by means of branch lines and tramways is now being eagerly discussed. The prevalent idea is that the branch lines should be constructed by joint-stock enterprise, under a guarantee from the Government, and Mr. Mitchell, the Railway Minister, has promised to draw a scheme for the encouragement of such enterprises by endowments of land along approved routes, so that it may not be long before an appeal is made to British capitalists for their co-operation.

Bendigo wants a branch to Inglewood, and Castlemaine and Ballarat are contending for the honor and advantage of connecting Maryborough with the main lines. The government is now engaged in making a preliminary survey from Castlemaine to Maryborough, and thence to Ballarat, so that there is a possibility of the dispute being compromised by running a line from Ballarat to Castlemaine via Maryborough. To show how near the two great trunk lines are to each other in importance so far as regards their proximity to the principal gold-fields, we give the following list of the fields from which the gold is brought by escort, divided into three classes—those which are connected with Geelong and Ballarat, those lying near the line of the Melbourne and Murray River Railway, and those which are too remote from the railways to be in any way affected by their construction. The following constitute the group of fields which obtain their supplies from Ballarat and Geelong. The figures show the quantity of gold in ounces which have been brought down by escort since the beginning of the present year:—

	ozs.
Ballarat	213,804
Smythesdale	67,286½
Talbot (Back Creek)	45,196½
Clunes	35,888
Pleasant Creek (Stawell)	31,389
Creswick	30,004½
Raglan (Fiery Creek)	24,925½
Avoca	24,612½
Barkly (Redbank)	18,625½
Ararat	15,352½
Moonambel	14,218½
Blackwood	7,752
Linton's	7,407½
Landsborough	2,502
	536,965

The second group are those connected with the Bendigo railway. This line is nearly double the length of the Geelong and Ballarat line, although the yield of gold is very little greater:—

Sandhurst	206,729
Castlemaine	174,782
Dunolly	53,024
Inglewood	44,113
Maryborough	37,767½
Maldon	35,779½
Tarnagulla	12,814
Heathcote	12,520¼
Rushworth	13,783¼
	598,303

The third group consists of fields, which have no connexion with either of the lines of railway:—

Beechworth	62,717½
Indigo	53,288½
Morse's Creek	36,110
Yackandandah	29,260
Jordon and Jamison	12,673
Benalla	3,548
Kilmore	1,315
	198,912

It will be seen that we have placed Maryborough in the group supplied from the Mount Alexander line, but it is probable that if it should be connected by a branch line to Ballarat, or to both Ballarat and Castlemaine, a great portion, not only of its own trade, but of Maldon and other north-western fields would flow into the Geelong and Ballarat line, thereby securing to it with the fields communication by the shortest [illegible] sea-board.

COMMERCE.

The news brought hither by the English September mail excited a generally favorable influence on the prices of many articles in the Victorian markets, several instances leading to an advance on [illegible] previously-current rates; and this better feeling [illegible] well maintained.

Arrivals from distant ports during the month have been heavier than the usual average, they number 46 vessels, exclusive of mail steamers and ships engaged in the New Zealand or other inter-colonial trade. Of these nine were from London six from Liverpool, one from Glasgow, and one from Leith; two from New York, and one from Boston; one from Hamburg, two from Rotterdam, and one from Amsterdam; two from Bordeaux; eight from Mauritius, and one from Bourbon; two from Puget Sound, and two from Gottenburg; one from Calcutta, one from Rangoon, two from Batavia, two from Foo-Cho-Foo, and one from the Fiji Islands. This statement must be taken in connection with the fact that the entire population of Victoria on 30th September numbered only 549,901 souls.

The matter just now of most prominent interest is the shipment of wool. The cutting a passage through the bar, to enable large ships to enter the inner harbor, has given a great impetus to that department of our trade, as will be seen from the appended synopsis of the Geelong exporting operations of the last few years:—

SEASON.	WEIGHT OF WOOL SHIPPED.	VALUE.
1858-1859	4,563,601 lbs.	£386,009
1859-1860	4,422,097 "	409,282
1860-1861	4,889,801 "	474,263
1861-1862	7,159,383 "	650,634

To the wool-growers of the West and North Western Districts the facilities for, and the economy of the sale at, or direct shipment from this port, are now beginning to be fully appreciated. If they determine to sell their produce, the highest price which can be realised may be secured here, and the charges of our brokers, so much more reasonable than those of their metropolitan neighbors, for their services on such occasions represent an important saving even on an article so valuable as this. And if flock masters resolve to ship on their own [illegible] tallow, 33 bags bones, 3300 horns, 5 bags and 6 casks wheat, and 26 pkgs. containing 26,130 oz. 13 dwt. 18 gr. of gold.

The Elizabeth Ann Bright, 1920 tons register, cleared out at Geelong with the following cargo:—5142 bales wool, 27 bales pelts, 3 bales kangaroo skins, 42 bales sheepskins, 2619 hides, 35,634 horns, 30 casks tallow 2 hhds. calfskins, 138 bags 2 hhds. 22 bales leather, and 10,007 oz. 4 dwt. of gold. Previous to her entry inwards at this port there had been shipped for dead weight in Hobson's Bay 13,435 hides.

The Lightning, of 1769 tons register, having taken in 296 tons of copper, as dead weight in Hobson's Bay, is now receiving her homeward freight of colonial produce in this port. The entire quantity of wool to be laden in this splendid ship is 4200 bales, of which number 3500 bales are now on board; and it is the intention of the agents, Messrs Swanston, Willis, and Stephen, to despatch her today, if the whether is at all favorable.

The Kooria Mooria, of 1112 tons register, shipped at Melbourne, 10,634 hides, 593 calfskins, and a quantity of horns is dunnage. She will take in all 3800 bales, of which 2800 bales are already embarked; and the date commencing the homeward voyage has been fixed by the agents, Messrs. Holmes, White and Co., for the 1st December.

The Calliance, of 823 tons register, having discharged her inward cargo will commence loading this day, 25th Nov., and the utmost dispatch will be made to complete her freight by the 15th December, the announced time of departure. The number of bales of wool will be 2500; part of the passengers accommodation has already been secured; and it is probable that the *quantity of gold sent on by this favorite ship will be* very considerable.

The shipments of the present season up to this date have been as under, the vessels marked with an asterisk having been laden at and sailed direct from this port:—

Passed Heads.	1862-63	No. of bales.
Oct. 30—Yorkshire, for London		1,007
Nov. 4—*Wave of Life, for London		2,626
12—*Giant's Causeway, for London		4,325
13*Elizabeth Ann Bright, for London		5,142
16—Omar Pasha, for London		3,295
17—Trae Briton, for London		1,836
27—Donald M'Ka, for London		5,915

The bank rates of exchange and discount were altered on 29th October, and remain still as follow:—

BANK RATES OF EXCHANGE AT GEELONG.—Draft on London for £10 and under, at three days's sight, are issued at 2 per cent premium; for £50 and under at thirty days sight, at 1 per cent premium; and for sums *exceeding £50 at sixty days' sight, at par. Bills on* London are purchased at 60 days' sight, at 1 per cent. discount.

RATES OF DISCOUNT.—On bills not exceeding 60 days currency 7 per cent; 95 days' currency 8 per cent; not exceeding 125 days' currency 9 per cent; beyond that currency 10 per cent; cash credit accounts 10 per cent; past due bills 12 per cent; and overdrawn accounts 12 per cent.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.—Subject to six months' notice of withdrawal, 4 per cent per annum; three months' notice, 2 per cent per ann.; one month's notice 1½ per cent per ann. On deposits at call and current balances interest is allowed.

The immigration remittance system continues to work admirably; at this port alone, from 3rd July to 24th November, three hundred and seventy-five passages having been secured, the money paid for which amounts to £1921 11s. A better index than this of the thriving position of our operations could scarcely be given.

MISCELLANEOUS.

On 11th inst. Mr Edward Knight was chosen Mayor of Geelong in the room of Mr W. Bell, who had filled the office for two years. The municipal elections on 1st inst. excited much interest; there were contests in three wards out of the five.

The annual session of the General Assembely of the Presbyterian Church of Victoria was held in Melbourne, in the early part of the month. Most of the business transacted had reference to the internal organisation of particular congregations. The increasing population and extended settlement of the Western district having necessitated a re-distribution of Presbyteries, and some important alterations were made. The Rev F. R. M. Wilson brought up a report from the conference on the subject. The Report recommended that a new presbytery should be created to be called the Wimmera, consisting of Horsham, Pleasant Creek, Ararat, Lake Hindmarsh, Richardson, and the Avoca, Mosquito Plains, Balmoral, and Harrow, and that the Presbytery of Kilnoorat, and the remainder of the Presbytery of Portland be erected into a new presbytery to be called Mortlake. Finally it was resolved that the following arrangements should be made: Presbytery of the Wimmera: Horsham, Lake Hindmarsh, Ararat, Pleasant Creek, and Richardson. Presbytery of Hamilton: Hamilton, Casterton, Balmoral, Portland, and Mosquito Plains. Presbytery of Mortlake; Belfast, Warrnambool, Wangoom, Allansford, Mortlake, Hexham, Wickliffe, Kilnoorat, Camperdown, and Mount Rouse.

From a summary of the meterological observations of the month of October, it appears that the maximum temperature of air was at two P.M. on the 13th, being then 86·7. The minimum was 33·4, which was registered at five A.M. on the morning of the 10th. The Mean temperature during the month was 58°. The maximum pressure of air occurred at eight P.M. on the 3rd, being the 30,445; the minimum at five A.M. on the 26th, being then 29·546. The mean during the month was 30·018. The prevailing winds from the 3rd to the 12th were from the S., S.E., and S.W.; from the 13th to the 16th, N.E. and N.W., strong; between the 17th and 22nd, W., S. E., and S. W., generally light; and the 3rd and 24th N. and N.E., fresh; and from the 25th to the 28th, W., S.E., and S.W. There were slight fogs on the mornings of the 3rd and 11th. The amount of rain fall during the month was 2·061 in hes, of which 1·147 fell between the 28th, and the 1st Nov. There were lunar halos on the night of the 5th, 14th, and 30th, and a solar halo on the morning of the 5th. There were two displays of the Aurora Australis, namely, on the 5th and 22nd; sliget mirages over the Bay on the 7th and 12th. Appearances of the zodiacal light on the 9th, 10th, and 21st. Hot winds on the mornings of the 14th, 15th, 16th and a dust-storm on, the 14th, sheet and forked lightning on the 15th, 16th. 22nd, 24th, and 28th; and thunderstorms on the 23rd and 25th. The wether generally throughout the month was fine and pleasant, except towards the latter end, when it was dull and boisterous.

During the month, many of the New Zealand adventurers have returned from that gold-field, having proved by experience that all is not gold that glitters. The *Amount Alexander Mail* remarks that the charms which distance lends to the southern El Dorado, have vanished on nearer acquaintance, and the prodigals have returned wiser, if poorer men, than before their departure. The hardships endured by the pioneers of the Victorian gold-fields are trifling with those encountered by the miners at Otago, for the climate and soil of the latter region are vastly inferior to the Australia. The Scarcity of fuel, combined [illegible] Middle coldness and moisture of the atmosphere [illegible] Island, expose the unlucky digger [illegible] thousands now in he never endured in Victoria, [illegible] glad if they could New Zealand would be [illegible] of the Maories to the escape from the inhospitable [illegible] abandoned. The industrious [illegible] of Victoria earns a far higher [illegible] than he could in Europe, while he [illegible] also the comforts and not a few of the [illegible] of civilisation. Our population, however, [illegible] a different standard as the measure of their expectations, and contrasting present gains with the profits of their earlier experience on the diggings, are dissatisfied and restless. Really, the disparity is less than it appears. Food and clothing have declined in price with the decrease of the gold, and the style of living has been vastly improved. When in addition to these facts, the greater security for life, health and property, the increased educational facilities for the young, the higher moral and social condition of the community and other advantages which will readily suggest themselves, are considered, it will be evident that while the actual income of the miner has diminished, he has many compensations for the loss.

The following escort returns for the month from 25th October to 25th November will give a condensed view of the comparative productiveness of the various gold-fields:—

Week ending Thursday, 30th Oct.:—Castlemaine 3691 oz. Sandhurst 2,665 oz. Maryborough 754 oz. 10 dwt. Avoca* 745 oz. 10 dwt. Talbot (Back Creek) 1,659 oz Ballarat 4,748 oz. 10 dwt. Raglan (Fiery Creek)* 758 oz. Ararat* 584 oz. 10 dwt, Stawell (Pleasant Creek) 1,019 oz. 10 dwt. Smythesdall* 3,572 oz. 10 dwt. Blackwood* 474 oz. 10 dwt. Moonambel* 748 oz. Landsborough* 1,010 oz. 10 dwt. Total 22,421 oz. 0 dwt.

Week ending Thursday, 6th Nov.:—Castlemain 6,663 oz, Maldon* 2,762 oz. Sandhurst 6,299 oz. 10 dwt. Heathcot,* 880 oz. Rushworth* 623 oz. 10 dwt. Maryborough 1,179 oz. Talbot (Back Creek) 789 oz. Dunolly* 1,930 oz. 10 dwt. Inglewood* 2,386 oz. Tarnagulla* (Sandy Creek) 565 oz. Ballarat 3 2[illegible]5 oz. Creswick* 1,428 oz. Clunes* 1,220 oz. 10 dwt. Beechworth* 2,429 oz. 10 dwt. Yackandandah* 1,532 oz. Chiltern* (Indigo)* 303 oz. Morse's Creek* 2,520 oz 10 dwt. Jamieson's and Jordan* 2,988 oz. 10 dwt. Total 40,524 oz. 10 dwt.

Week ending Thursday, 13th Nov.:—Castlemaine 8,175 oz. 10 dwt. Sandhurst 3,787 oz. 10 dwt. Maryborough 688 oz. Avoca* 929 oz. Talbot (Back Creek) 167 oz. Ballarat 4 400 oz. Raglan (Fiery Creek)* 753 oz. Ararat* 970 oz. Stawell (Pleasant Creek)* 1,201 oz. 10 dwt. Smythesdale* 4071 oz. 10 dwt. Blackwood* 223 oz. Moonambel* 1,071 oz. Landsborough* 1,491 oz. 10 dwt. Total, 23,922 ozs.

Week ending Thursday, 20th Nov.:—Sandhurst [illegible] oz. Heathcote* 868 oz. Rushworth* 724 [illegible] rough 635 oz. 10 dwt. Dunolly* 1,036 oz. [illegible] 903 oz. Tarnagulla (Sandy Creek)* 855 [illegible] Ballarat 5,870 oz. Creswick* 1,498 oz. [illegible] oz, Beechworth* 2,323 oz. Yackandan[illegible] Chilten (Indigo)* 3,258 oz 10 d[illegible] 2,851 oz. 10 dwt. Total 27,085 [illegible]

* Fortnightly escorts; the [illegible]

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on 27 June, 2017

[illegible]

Warehouse, at Waree Bunder, a large quantity of Building Materials, Iron Ware, Lead Piping, &c. &c., in convenient lots to suit purchasers.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
Just imported.
A Handsome fashionable and light English-built Buggy by Newton of Long Acre.
A Shigram with Bay Horse and Harness.
WINES.
Good Port Wine .... Rs. 18 per dozen
Good Sherry .... " 18 per doz.
CHERRY BRANDY.
Bernard & Co's finest Cherry Brandy—
in quarts .... Rs. 13 per dozen.
in pints .... " 7-8 "
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 23rd December 1862.

DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & CO.
AN AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARRIAGES, HORSES, &c., AT BEACH ROAD, UPPER COLABA.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 23rd inst., Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Beach Road, Upper Colaba, the Household Furniture, Plated, Glass, and Porcelain Ware, Carriages, Horses, &c., of Doctor J. Welsh, (proceeding to Europe,) the same comprises, Cut Glass Ware, White and Blue bordered Dinner, and Breakfast set, Plated Hot Water and Vegetable Dishes, Single and Chamber Candlesticks, Plated Spoons and Forks, Cruet frame, &c., Blackwood Carved Furniture such as Circular, and Dining Tables, Conversation and Reclining Couches, Arm, Easy, and Rocking Chairs, Cheffonier, Teapoys, Screens, Flower and Hat Stands, Sofa Tables, Hanging and Tucker's Table Argand Lamps, Glass Door Cupboards, few Engravings, Side Board, Table cloth press, Camp Cots, Dressing, and Washing Tables, large Blackwood Carved Cheval Glass, Wardrobe, Presses, Hydrabad Rugs, Burmese Images, and Ornaments, Copper Cooking Utensils, and Dispense Articles.
AT 1 P.M.
One light Single-seated Brougham, with a powerful flea bitten Grey Horse, and set of Harness complete.
One Bengal-built Buggy, with a fast trotting Chesnut Horse and Harness.
Side and Hunting Saddles and Bridles, &c.
No Catalogues, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF NEW SADDLERY, BOOKS, BOOTS, &c.
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, an Invoice of New Saddlery, consisting of Plain and Quilted Saddles, best Quilted Side and Racing Saddles, with Furnitures, Pelham Gig Snaffles, and Carriage Bits, Gig, Carriage, Twig, and Dog Whips, Water, Spoke, Shoe, and Horse Brushes, Spurs, Macintoshes, Curry Combs, Dog Chains, Stirrup Irons Heads and Rein, Ladies Slippers, pairs of Girths, a set of Horse Clothing, a few pairs of new Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, an Invoice of new Books, &c.
DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co.
No. 10, Forbes Street, Bombay, 23rd Dec., 1862.

BENNETT & CO.
WANTED—A Furnished or Unfurnished BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill or Breach Candy or Mazagon. Apply to BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF DHOLLERA COTTON.
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant at 4 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Sewjee Nencey's Cotton Depot, Colaba, on the account and at the risk of the concerned.
200 Candies of Dhollera Cotton, purchased by Cowasjee Jehangeerjee Jussawalla in the name of Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Bhownuggur, which Cotton has been surveyed and passed by Messrs. Lawrence & Co. and Messrs. Brown Clough & Co.

SALE OF DHOLLERA COTTON.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba in the Depot of Jewraj Balloo, by order of Wagjee Natha, and on account and at the risk of the first purchaser Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Bhownuggurees.
50 Candies of Dhollera Cotton.

AUCTION SALE OF IRON TANKS.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, about Eighty Iron Tanks, capable of containing 400 Gallons each, to be sold in small convenient lots to suit the purchasers.

SALE OF BUSSORA WOOL.
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 P.M., in Tank Street, near Bellasis Road, in the Godown of Thucker Doongursee Gopejee, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Thucker Doongursee Gopejee, and on account and risk of the first purchaser Khuttow Ludda.
100 Candies of Bussora Wool.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY.
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst. at 4 P.M. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Auction, on the premises, by order of Nathu Jadowjee the Mortgagee, and on account of Archaryajee Dhurnidhurjee Shree Raghooverjee Maharaj, the Mortgagor, all that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the Messuage, Tenement or Dwelling-house and premises standing thereon, situate lying and being without the Fort walls of Bombay, on the verge of the Esplanade, at near or adjoining to the Police Picquet Chowkey, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 55, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 690, and bounded as follows: on the East by the Picquet road, on the West by the Elphinstone School premises, on the North by a Passage and on the South by the Public Chowkey

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR FANCY GOODS.
On SATURDAY next, the 27th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, 62 Cases of Fancy Goods of a superior description, consisting of Fancy Work Boxes, Looking Glasses, Brass Ship Lamps, Shaving Boxes, Lady's Companions, Lady's Work Boxes with Music and Silver Fittings, Mathematical Instruments, Gilt Rings, Chains and Watches, Plated Toilet and Round Glasses, Paintings, Writing Cases, Paint Boxes, Combs with Brushes, Cigar and Tobacco Cases, Note and Pocket Books, Paint Brushes and Dusters, Fancy Bells, Lamps, Imitation Silver Stars and Ivory Brooches, Boxes of Architects, Tin Toys and Bottles, Boys' Whips, Trumpets, French Horns, Toys, Magnetic Objects, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Lead, Patent and Artist's Pencils, Almond Moupelas, Crown, Fancy ... Transparent Soaps, Eau de Cologne, Lavendar, 1, ...nd 4 Blade Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Port...ks, Gilt Buttons, Porcelain Inkstands, Umbrell..., Thermometers, Watch Stands, Silk with Views, ...sols, Elastic Belts, Needles, Trays

FOR SAL[E ON] COMMISSION.
A very powerful G... sound. Can be seen at a d...oway, age 5 years and
A first-rate English-built ... previous notice.
light Dog Cart with cloth linings, new and very ... Apron, Patent Leather Dash, Plated ...nd Leather and Wheel Key complete. Price modera... Lamps
An English-built Self-driving Basket Ca... "Lloyd," with cloth lining, Diamond Leather ...by plated Mounted Lamps, Wheel, Key, &c. Price moderate.

Allsopp's Bombay bottled Beer in quarts in sound condition, at Rs. 3½ per dozen, Cash.

SUPERIOR GIG, DOG CART, AND CARRIAGE HARNESS.
Just landed ex Flower of the Forest.
Messrs. BENNETT & Co., have just received a batch of very superior Plated and Brass Mounted Buggy, Dog Cart, and Carriage Harness. Prices moderate.
CLOCKS.
The undersigned have just unpacked for sale a consignment of English daily and eight-day Clocks and Time Pieces of various sizes and shapes. Prices moderate.
BENNETT & Co.
No. 5, Forbes Street, Bombay, 3rd Dec., 1862.

NOTICE.—The undersigned respectfully returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and begs to inform the public of Bombay and Outstations that, owing to the present Building *undergoing extensive alterations*, he has removed to No. 29, Meadow Street, opposite the Bank of Bombay, and trusts to merit the same kind patronage and support, as he still continues to import the same first Class Goods, made especially to order, superior and cheaper to any Imported, viz.
Gentlemen's Elastic Enamel Clump solid Boots.
" do. do. Balmoral Boots.
" do. Patent Leather Dress Boots.
" do. French Calf Walking do.
" Shooting Boots with hooks.
" French Calf Oxford Shoes.
" Enamel do. do.
...ack Kid Elastic Military Heel Boots.
...e Kid do. do. do.
...Cashmere do. do.
... Boots.
...ap Shoes.
...d Shoes.
...l sizes.
...Presidency.
...tlemen's
...ians.

...uction Announcements.

... FRANCIS & CO.
...ROW, TUESDAY, the 23rd inst., Messrs. ...k Co. will sell by Public Auction, a large ...rey Goods, a few cases Muslins, few Bales ... Bales Gunney Bags, a large quantity of ... Bayonets, Swords, one case Belts, 1 case ...napsacks, Tents, 1 Bundle Flags, 1 Case ... Case Slates, 1 Case containing School ...roscope, 13 Bundles Tape, 1 Case contain...s, about 20 dozen of American Chairs, ...s complete, Beer, Champagne, Sherry,

...OR SALE ON COMMISSION.
...rfect folding Bedstead, Do. Chairs fitted ...canvas.
...consisting of Muslin and Lace Shawls.
...by MacNaghten of Glasgow.
...out 80 Coils Hemp Rope.
...ings, Oil Carpets, for Floor and Stair
...Wire Netting, suitable for Garden enclosures.
Rich Gold Cravat Rings and Pins.
1 Barrel Organ playing 40 Tunes, Bronzed Argand Lamps of 1, 2, 3, and 4 Lights, by A. J. Nash and Co., of London.
Breakfast Services for 12.
Superior Hair Oil in large and small bottles, at Rs. 9 and Rs. 6 per doz. Cod Liver Oil in large and small Bottles and Bailey's Hair Wash.
N. B.—Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart & Co. have kindly permitted us to state that reference may be made to them.
FRANCIS & Co.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 23rd December 1862.

Business Announcements.

KEATING'S PERSIAN INSECT-DESTROYING POWDER.—THIS POWDER is quite harmless to animal life, but is unrivalled in destroying Mosquitos, Fleas, Bugs, Flies, Cockroaches, Beetles, Gnats, Moths in furs, and every other species of Insect.
Sportsmen will find this an invaluable remedy for destroying Fleas in their Dogs, as also Ladies for their Pet Dogs. It is perfectly harmless in its nature, and may be applied without any apprehension, as it has no qualities deleterious to Animal life.
Sold in packets, 1s. 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d. each by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, 79, St. Paul's Churchyard London, E.C.
Sold in Bombay by TREACHER & Co., and all Agents for Keating's Cough Lozenges.

C. STEPHENS & SONS.—Take this opportunity of informing the Public, that as much anatomical skill is required in Shoeing a horse *properly*, they are now enabled to arrange so that one of them shall constantly be in attendance at the Forge to superintend the workmen, all of whom are Europeans, and have served their time in one of the first Forges in London. The injury done to animals in this Presidency by the ignorance of Farriers, who, without the slightest knowledge of the anatomy of the Horse's foot, practice their craft, is quite incalculable, and highly detrimental to the public interest.
Terms of Commission—5 per cent.
Certificates given as usual on the Soundness or Unsoundness of Horses for the Fee of Rupees 5.
C. STEPHENS AND SONS'
Veterinary Establishment, Commission Stables and Forge, Baboola Tank Road, Mazagon.

NEW MILLINERY.—MESSRS. BANAJEE CUMROODEEN & Co. beg to intimate to the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Presidency and Outstations, that they have just received per *Empress of India*, a choice selection of FASHIONABLE MILLINERY, consisting of Ladies trimmed and untrimmed White Chip Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed Straw Hats of the latest fashion, trimmed felt Hats, Artificial Flowers, Flower Wreaths with Boquet to match, Mohair and Black Silk Paletots, Black Spanish Lace Mantles and Shawls, Black and White Lama Shawls, Organdi flounced Robes, Black and White Merino, Black Glace Silk, Black Crape, Black and White Satin Ribbon of different widths, assorted color Bonnet Ribbons, Habits, White and Colored Kid Gloves, Empress Stays, Satin Ruche Trimmings, Invisible Braid and fancy beaded Hair Nets, Scarboro human hair Rolls, Hair Frizettes, Black and White Kid Boots and Shoes, Slippers, Canvass worked Slippers, Groups, Cushions with Material to finish, Black Berlin Wool, Children's Boots with Elastic Sides, Fancy Frocks, Baby's embroidered White Cashmere Cloaks and Hoods, White and colored Cashmere Capes, fancy Gilt Buttons, Ladies' Riding Whips, Dressed and undressed large size Dolls, Spring and other variety of Toys, Gentlemen's Dress Boots and Shoes with elastic sides, Morocco Slippers, improved registered Kingston Braces, fancy Regent Ties, Air Beds and Pillows of all sizes, &c. &c.
No. 2, Medow Street, (next door to Henderson & Co.

NEW GOODS.
LATE MESSRS. ESPERANCE & Co.—The Cheapest and best Fitting Tailoring establishment and Woollen Warehouse.
Late E. & Co. have received per last Overland Mail, a supply of very superior West of England Cloths; Bedford Cords, &c. &c. Garments made of this article in a first rate style and at moderate charges. A large supply of the real Balmoral Bonnet and other goods too numerous to mention.
Also Black and Blue single Milled Wool Dyed Broad Cloths and Venetians, Black and Drab Alpaccas, White and Colored English made Shirts and Collars, Indian Gauze, Merino Vests and Pants, Black Silk Hats, Drab Felt Hats, Oxonian, Scilian, and air chamber Oxonians, Travelling and Balmoral Caps, Gents White Kid Gloves, Swimming bags, Money belts, and Overland trunks.
An endless variety of Piesse and Lubin's Perfumery, Brown Windsor Soap, Ambrosial, and Amon Shaving Soaps.
As Late E. & Co., have always on hand a large stock of Clothes, both heavy and light textures, Gentlemen leaving Bombay can be supplied with suitable Clothing at very moderate prices.
23, Apollo Street, Fort.

CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS (KEATING'S.)—The recently discovered unfailing remedy for Worm Disorders in Children and Adults, has now been concentrated in the form of a purely Vegetable Sweetmeat. The Tablet is eagerly taken by children, and one to three given twice or thrice a week, will effect a safe and certain cure.
Prepared and Sold in Tins, and Bottles, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London, E.C., and retailed by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.
OBSERVE the words "KEATING'S WORM TABLETS" are engraven on the Government Stamp of each Tin, without which none are genuine.
Sold by all Agents for Keating's Cough Lozenges.

European Pensioners' and Widows' Home Tardeo.
SUPPORTED by Voluntary Contributions.—Donations to the above institution of Clothes, of Books, (suitable for the Pensioners' Library) will be thankfully received and duly acknowledged by the Secretary.
Major J. T. ANNESLEY, Treasurer.
Captain— Turner, Secretary.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.—THIS WORLD-RENOWNED MEDICINE, which has obtained such celebrity in all parts of the Globe, in the cure of COUGH, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and other affections of the Chest and Pulmonary Organs, is strongly recommended to all suffering from any of the above disorders, as One Trial will be sufficient to prove their undoubted efficacy, being frequently used under the recommendation of the most eminent of the faculty.
Copy of a letter from the late COLONEL HAWKER (the well-known Author on "GUNS AND SHOOTING")
Longparish House, near Whitchurch, Hants.
Sir,—I cannot resist informing you of the extraordinary effect I have experienced by taking only a few of your LOZENGES. I had a cough for several weeks that defied all that had been prescribed for me; and yet I got completely rid of it by taking about half a small box of your Lozenges, which I find are the only one that relieves the cough without deranging the stomach or digestive organs.
I am, Sir, your humble servant, P. HAWKER.
To Mr. KEATING, 79, St. Paul's Churhyard.
Prepared and sold in Bottles of various sizes by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.
N. B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the Words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engraven on the Government Stamp, without which none are genuine.
Sold in ... by ...CHER & Co., Poona, and Kurrachee, by TREA... AGENTS—Messrs. ...gists. ...ballah, Lahore, ...LEN, BARNES, & Co., Umballah ... Cartner and Co., Chemi..., and Simla, Messrs. D. ...erut.

THE LONDON HOUSE—CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
(Just received per Overland.)
Ladies' Companions, bound with Russia Leather, Velvet, Mother of Pearl, Velvet and Ivory, Leather, Velvet, with Gold gilt clasps. Each contains a ... and sors, Thimble, Pen-knife, Chrotchet Needle, 2 Scent Bottles, a Bodkin and Memorandum Card, from Rs. 6 to 30.
Also a few Ladies' Russia Leather Bags with Companion attached, lined with Silk, and bound with strong Brass Gold gilt clasps. Rs. 12.
Solid fine Gold Lockets, each in a neat Morocco case from Rs. 15.
Solid fine Gold Ear Rings in cases, and on cards, from Rs. 14.
Ladies' Gold Watches of the best English make, (guarantee given with each.)
Ladies' best Gold Chains from Rs. 75.
Do. do. Necklets from Rs. 40.
Do. do. Rings set with Diamonds and other precious Stones.
Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches.
Do. Finest Gold Alberts.
MASONIC.
Master Mason's Jewels, set with Paste Diamonds, Rs. 10 each.
Past Masters, Mark Masters and Royal Arch best quality.
Royal Arch and Master Masons' suits.
TERMS CASH.
All Watches over 50 Rs. are guaranteed.
Watches made to order.
Old Gold and Silver, old Coins, Antiques, all kinds of Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, Pearls, Coral, Plated Articles, &c., bought and taken in exchange.
THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co., Practical Watchmakers and direct Importers from London and Geneva.
Bombay, Established 1851.
Orders from outstations must be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment.
THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co.

Wines, Spirits, Beer, &c.

BEAUJOLAIS WINE.—A light sound BURGUNDY, price reduced to Rs. 15 per dozen. Apply to MR. CURSETJEE NOWROJEE, at Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

FOR SALE.—RUCK, FENWICK & Co.'s SHERRY and PORT. BARTON & GUESTIER, BEYCHEVELLE CLARET, and RUINART PERE, and FILS CHAMPAGNE, just arrived.
MILNER & SON'S PATENT FIRE RESISTING SAFES.
Apply to CURSETJEE NOWROJEE, at the Godowns of Messrs. Ewart, Latham & Co.
Bombay, 6th May 1861.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fresh Consignment of the following celebrated Brandies in one dozen Cases:
Ducemier's.
Brandenbury Freres.
Hernozants.
Church Gate. McCOMBIE & WRIGHT

FOR SALE.—The following superior WINES—

Sparkling Moselle in Cases of	1 Dozen	Quarts.	
Ditto	ditto	2	Pints.
Sparkling Hock	ditto	1	Quarts.
Ditto	ditto	2	Pints.
Ruedesheim	ditto	2	do.

Apply to S. BURSTALL & Co.

JUST RECEIVED.—Per Ships *Caledonian* and *Sea Horse*. Tennent's Beer in quarts and pints. Tennent's Porter in quarts and pints, in magnificent condition. McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

J. & C. WHITE & Co.'s WINES, as follows:—
Sherry, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, pints, in 4 dozen Cases.
Apply at the Godowns of GEORGE S. KING & Co.

ON SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned:—The following WINES, &c., received from Messrs. F. Geisler's & Co., London:—
Champagne, in case, containing 1 doz. each.

Moselle,	ditto	ditto	1 "
Sherry,	ditto	ditto	3 "
Claret,	ditto	ditto	2 "
Eau de Cologne, in Boxes			½ "

The following received from Messrs. Cockburn and Campbell:—
Port Wine, (Quarts), in case containing 3 doz. each.

Sherry,	ditto	ditto	3 "
Brandy,	ditto	ditto	1 "
Old Tom,	ditto	ditto	1 "
Whiskey,	ditto	ditto	1 "

W. NICOL & Co.

THE FINEST ALE IN BOMBAY.—Bass' East India Pale Ale, *guaranteed* in splendid condition, in Casks of 3 dozen each at Rs. 6 per dozen.
Hams and Cheeses, at 14 Annas per lb., at McCORMICK & Co., 15, Apollo Street, Fort.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned:—RUM, of superior quality and strength, in Hogsheads and Butts.
FINLAY, SCOTT & Co.
Bombay, 19th December 1862.

FOR SALE.—CHILLINGWORTH'S CROWN WINES.—Just received ex *Gloriana*.
The Undersigned respectfully beg to call the attention of their Customers, Military Messes in Bombay, Bengal, and Madras, and the public in general at the Presidency and at Outstations, to their stock of really first-rate Crown Wines, from the well-known Firm of Messrs. Chillingworth and Sons, consisting of Pale and Golden Sherries, and Port in quarts and pints. Also superior Pale and Golden Sherry bottled in Bombay. The superior quality of the Wines is guaranteed.
JEWAJEE RUTTONJEE'S SONS, Apollo Street.

FOR SALE—

BURGANDY WINES.	Rs.	LIQUEURS.	Rs.
Hermitage, qts.	25	Anizette	30
St. George "	23	Crême de Cretis	22
Chambertin "	20	BRANDIES.	Rs.
Do. Pints.	11	Delbruck Fils old Cognac	32
Clos. Vongeot qts.	18	Craritte Dupont's do.	25
Do. Pints.	10	Castillon's do.	28
CLARETS.	Rs.	CORDIALS.	Rs.
Leoville, qts.	30	Raspberry	20
Chateau Margaux	22	Cherry Cordial	20
Sauterne	22	Whiskey	21
		Old Tom, by Booth	18
SHERRY.	Rs.	GINGER WINE, by John Grabbie	20
Old Golden	22	GERMAN ABSINTHE	18
Brown	20		

N. B.—To close an Account. Messrs. Delbruck Fils, "St. Estephe" Claret sold hitherto at Rs. 24, reduced to Rs. 16 per dozen. Apply to
ALBERT VINAY.
5, Forbes Street.

WINES, SPIRITS, & BEER, PRICE LIST.—MESSRS. TREACHER & Co. confidently recommend a new Batch of Sherries and would beg to draw attention to their revised list of Wines, &c.

SHERRIES—			
Black Seal ....Amontillado........	per dozen	Rs.	28
Bronze do. / White do. } ......Good Dinner Wines...	"	"	24
Brown do. / Yellow do. }	"	"	22
MADEIRA, very old	"	"	42
PORT—			
Black Seal—Matured Fruity ...... Quarts	"	"	28
Do. Do. ...... Pints	"	"	15
Red Seal ...... Quarts	"	"	24
Do. Do. ...... Pints	"	"	13
CLARET—			
Chateau Margaux	"	"	34
Leoville	"	"	28
St. Julien	"	"	22
Medoc	"	"	16
CHAMPAGNE—			
Superior quality...A. DePaul......Quarts	"	"	40
Do. ...A. DePaul......Pints	"	"	21
Do. ...J. C. Morizet...Quarts	"	"	36
Do. ... do. ......Pints	"	"	19
HOCK—			
Sparkling and Still { Dembar & Jordan / Coblentz Rhine... do. }	per dozen	Rs.	38
MOSSELE do.			
CRABBIE'S GINGER WINE	"	"	21
TREACHER & Co.'s do.	"	"	18
CURACOA	"	"	42
MARASCHINO	"	"	40
CHERRY BRANDY	"	"	30
SPIRITS—			
Brandies Rs. 18, 24, 30, 36	"	"	
do. ...Julies Robins (30 years old)	"	"	50
Rum ......Fine old Jamaica	"	"	20
Gin—Old Tom...Booth, London	"	"	
Do. ......Hollands in cases	"	"	
WHISKEY ......Glenlivat, Crabbie	"	"	21

BEERS AND STOUT.
Allopp's and Bass' Ale and Beer, English and Country bottled, just to hand in excellent condition.
GUINNESS' Dublin, BARCLAY and PERKINS' London, and TENNENTS' Stout and Porter, Pints and Quarts.
TREACHER & Co.
BOMBAY, POONA, KAMPTEE, KURRACHEE, AND KOTREE

HUNTLEY LODGE.—BOMBAY YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTION.—MRS. FRASER'S INSTITUTION, hitherto located in the Fort, was opened at Huntley Lodge, Byculla, on the 25th March 1861. MRS. FRASER'S method and course of study are designed to *develop* and *discipline*, rather than to fill the mind: to illustrate the aft, and to exhibit the sources of self-education; and to afford the opportunity of combining, reviewing or resuming special branches in rudimental or accomplished scholarship. The great business of the instructors in the Institution is to let nothing pass through the mind of the child or young lady without her reflecting upon it, or without drawing out her minds by questions or preparatory remarks, to *think* and *reason* on the facts she is treasuring up. The neglect of the minds of young ladies in this particular, through their whole progress, is indeed melancholy and astonishing. Programmes containing a rationale of the course of study, the names of referees, terms, &c. &c., may be had on application at the Institution, or to R. T. CROSSLEY, Esquire, Agent for Messrs. Smith, Elder & Co., Bombay.

INFANT-REARING.—MISS MARTINEAU, who, like all philosophical ladies, has studied the matter thoroughly, says, that "in England alone, 40,000 babes die annually; and one-third more of that number grow up either idiotic, sickly, or deformed." The reason is evident, as Mothers, through inability to nurse their offspring, resort to the administration of baked flour, biscuits, tops-and-bottoms, or pap. The infant stomach cannot assimilate such crude preparations, and frequently rejects them; but still the nurse or mother continues them, under the hope of soothing the child. Internal inflamation takes place—eructations, diarrhœa, and consumption appear—and most frequently convulsions are induced which seal the infant's fate.
The *Medical Times and Gazette*, conveys Dr. C. B. F. ...'s views on the same important subject, and his opinion that Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food is adapted to obviate the mischief effectually. Dr. Routh is physician to the Samaritan Hospital for Women and Children. The learned and experienced practitioner says:—
"The human milk contains besides salt of lime, chloride of potassium. ...w, in common with carbonic acid, this salt enjoys the peculiar property of dissolving carbonate of lime or chalk. ...n absence of it in the food, as in wheat bread, is very ...rious to a growing child; hence, a child fed on pap for ... time grows fat but the bones are soft; frequently it ... and severe symptoms supervene. Amongst the vegetable substances, that which comes closest to milk in its composition, besides being more easily assimilated and strengthening, is, without doubt, Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, containing both phosphoric acid in abundance, and chloride of potassium; it also includes casein, the same principle which is found in milk in its constituent parts. No wonder, therefore, that under its influence many children affected with atrophy (wasting away of the body) and marked debility, have completely recovered. I have given it with the greatest advantage in such cases; and, so far as I may judge from my own experience, practice fully carries out what theory, from a knowledge of its composition, led us to anticipate. It gives good muscle and strengthens the bones, restoring tone, and a healthy, regular action to the stomach and bowels, whether constipation or a relaxed state of the system is complained of."
C. B. F. ROUTH, M.D.
Packed in Bottles, with full instructions
Sole Agents, Messrs. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE & Co., No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

[From 27th October 1862, and until further notice.]

TIME TABLE,

SHOWING THE TIME ABOUT WHICH THE TRAINS MAY BE EXPECTED TO ARRIVE AT, AND DEPART FROM, THE SEVERAL STATIONS

NOTICE.—Bombay time is kept at all Stations on the Railway. The Doors of the Booking Offices will be closed five minutes earlier than the times mentioned in the following Tables, after which no person can be admitted. To insure personal Luggage being booked to be forwarded by Passenger Trains, it must be delivered at the Stations at least fifteen minutes earlier than the times mentioned.

DOWN TRAINS.

Miles.	STATIONS.		Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
			A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.		P.M.
	BOMBAY	Dep.	9 0	9 0	7 45	8 0	2 30	5 25	5 35	8 45	10 0	...	2 30
2¼	Byculla	"	9 22	9 20	8 0	8 22	2 45	5 37	5 53	9 0	10 22	...	2 45
5½	Dadur	"	...	...	8 13	8 35	...	5 45	...	9 13	...	...	2 56
8	MAHIM	Arr.	...	...	8 22	...	...	6 0	...	9 22	...	...	3 10
9½	COORLA	Dep.	9 45	9 38	...	8 50	...	...	6 14	...	10 45	...	...
16½	Bhandoop	"	...	...	...	9 15	...	...	6 38	...	11 12	...	...
20½	Tannah	"	10 27	10 10	...	9 33	3 31	...	7 10	...	11 30	...	...
33½	CALLIAN	Arr.	11 5	10 43	...	10 10	4 5	...	8 0	...	12 5	...	...
	CALLIAN	Dep.	...	10 55	...	10 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	Titwalla	"	...	11 20	...	10 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49½	Wassind	"	...	11 50	...	11 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53½	Shapoor	"	...	12 3	...	11 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66½	Khurdee	"	...	12 45	...	12 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	KUSSARAH	Arr.	...	1 20	...	12 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

THULL GHAUT 11¼ MILES.

Miles.	STATIONS.		Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
						P.M.							
	EGUTPOORA	Dep.	...	6 30	...	6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90½	Nandore	"	...	7 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
106½	Deolalee for Nassick	"	...	8 10	...	7 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
126	Niphar	"	...	9 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
136½	Lassulgaum	"	...	9 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
152	Munmar	"	...	10 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
167½	Nandgaum	"	...	11 45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
193½	Chalisgaum	"	...	1 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
205½	Kujgaum	"	...	2 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
221½	Pachora	"	...	3 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
237½	Mussawud	"	...	4 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
250½	JULGAUM	Arr.	...	5 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			A. M.	P. M.									
	CALLIAN	Dep.	11 12	10 50	...	...	4 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
41½	Budlapoor	"	11 40	11 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53½	Narel	"	12 25	12 0	...	...	5 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
66½	Tillowlee	"	1 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	CAMPOOLEE	Arr.	1 15	12 45	...	...	5 50	...	...	...	...	...	...

BHORE GHAUT 6 MILES.

Miles.	STATIONS.		Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
			P.M.	A.M.			P.M.						
	KHANDALLA	Dep.	4 15	4 0	...	...	8 20	...	...	...	...	...	...
73½	Lanowlee	"	4 35	4 20	...	...	8 40	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Kirkulla	"	5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91½	Tulligaum	"	5 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
109	Kirkee	"	6 25	6 15	...	...	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
112½	POONA	Arr.	6 40	6 25	...	...	10 20	...	...	...	...	...	...
	POONA	Dep.	...	7 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130½	Ooroolee	"	...	8 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
146½	Kheirgaum	"	...	9 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
132½	Patus	"	...	9 42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
177	Decksal	"	...	11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
188½	Poomulwaree	"	...	11 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
206½	Jehwoor	"	...	12 38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
216½	Keim	"	...	1 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
227½	Barsee Road	"	...	1 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
237½	Marheh	"	...	2 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
255½	Mohol	"	...	3 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
276½	SHOLAPORE	Arr.	...	4 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

UP TRAINS.

Miles.	STATIONS.		Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
			Noon.									
	SHOLAPORE	Dep.	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20½	Mohol	"	1 28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Marheh	"	2 26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48½	Barsee Road	"	3 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	Keim	"	3 36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	Jehwoor	"	4 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87½	Poomulwaree	"	5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99½	Decksal	"	5 49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
123½	Patus	"	7 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	Kheirgaum	"	7 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
146	Ooroolee	"	8 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
163½	POONA	Arr.	9 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			P.M.	A.M.								
	POONA	Dep.	9 50	9 0	2 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
167½	Kirkee	"	10 5	9 20	2 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
184½	Tulligaum	"	...	10 20	3 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
194½	Kirkulla	"	...	10 55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
202½	Lanowlee	"	11 53	11 23	4 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
205½	KHANDALLA	Arr.	12 8	11 38	4 55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

BHORE GHAUT 6 MILES.

Miles.	STATIONS.		Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.							
	CAMPOOLEE	Dep.	3 15	2 0	7 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
209½	Tillowlee	"	...	2 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
222½	Narel	"	4 10	3 5	7 54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
234½	Budlapoor	"	4 45	3 43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
243	CALLIAN	Arr.	5 13	4 7	8 45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
						A.M.	A.M.					
	JULGAUM	Dep.	...	...	...	11 45	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Mussawud	"	...	...	...	12 35	...	...	...	...	...	...
29½	Pachora	"	...	...	...	1 35	...	...	...	...	...	...
45½	Kujgaum	"	...	...	...	2 40	...	...	...	...	...	...
57½	Chalisgaum	"	...	...	...	3 35	...	...	...	...	...	...
77½	Nandgaum	"	...	...	...	5 25	...	...	...	...	...	...
98½	Munmar	"	...	...	...	6 20	...	...	...	...	...	...
114	Lassulgaum	"	...	...	...	7 30	...	...	...	...	...	...
124½	Niphar	"	...	...	...	8 20	...	...	...	...	...	...
144½	Deolalee for Nassick	"	...	...	...	10 0	8 5	...	...	...	...	...
160½	Nandore	"	...	...	...	10 55	8 55	...	...	...	...	...
175½	EGUTPOORA	Arr.	...	...	...	11 55	9 0	...	...	...	...	...

THULL GHAUT 11¼ MILES.

Miles.	STATIONS.		Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Week days only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
						A.M.	P.M.					
	KUSSARAH	Dep.	...	...	...	4 15	2 0	...	...	...	...	...
184	Khurdee	"	...	...	...	4 45	2 30	...	...	...	...	...
197½	Shapoor	"	...	...	...	5 35	3 15	...	...	...	...	...
201½	Wassind	"	...	...	...	5 55	3 30	...	...	...	...	...
219½	Titwalla	"	...	...	...	6 30	4 5	...	...	...	...	...
217½	CALLIAN	Arr.	...	...	...	6 55	4 25	...	...	...	...	...
			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
	CALLIAN	Dep.	5 23	4 15	8 50	7 20	4 30	...	...	...	5 20	...
255½	Tannah	"	6 2	4 50	9 25	8 30	5 13	...	...	...	6 0	...
259½	Bhandoop	"	...	...	...	8 42	5 30	...	...	...	6 15	...
267	Coorla	"	6 30	5 23	9 55	8 58	5 53	...	...	...	6 40	...
	Mahim	"	...	...	...	...	...	9 15	7 0	10 0	...	8 0
270½	Dadur	"	...	...	...	...	6 7	9 25	7 9	10 10	...	8 10
274	Byculla	"	6 52	5 50	10 18	9 23	6 23	9 38	7 21	10 23	7 7	8 22
276½	BOMBAY	Arr.	7 4	6 5	10 30	9 35	6 35	9 50	7 33	10 35	7 20	8 47

NOTE.—The 2-30 P.M. Train from Bombay will stop at Dadur on Saturdays only.

GHAUT CONVEYANCE IN ADDITION TO RAILWAY FARES.

BHORE GHAUT { Palkies .... Rs. 4 0 0 each. / Dhoolees .... " 2 4 0 each. } THULL GHAUT .... Dhoolees .... Rs. 10 each.

Passengers requiring the Company's Conveyance over the Bhore Ghaut should obtain Ghaut Tickets at the Stations where they take their Railway Tickets.

The Bullock Dumnees on the Bhore Ghaut have been discontinued from the 1st December 1862.

Dhoolee Tickets for the Thull Ghaut will be obtainable at all the principal Stations. The Tickets to be purchased 48 hours before travelling to enable the Company to provide the Conveyance.

Traffic Manager's Office, Bombay Terminus, 9th December 1862. W. COOPER, Traffic Manager.

Business Announcements.

JUST RECEIVED, per ship *Empress of India*.—A fresh consignment of the celebrated Parraffin Candles. McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

JACOB AND COMPANY,
CIVIL, Military, and Outfitting establishment, Bombay, always on hand a large assortment of
Black, Blue and Scarlet West of England Cloths.
Black, Blue, and Oxford Mixed Doeskins and Venetians.
A variety of Fancy Cassemeres, Scotch Tweeds, Heather mixtures and Fancy Flannels for Suits.
Drab, Brown, and Oxford mixed Corded Angolas, admirably adapted for Riding Trowsers.
Black and Colored Silk Alpacas.
White Fancy Quiltings for Vests.
Best English Longcloth Shirts and Linen Collars.
Fancy Silk and Lace Neck Ties and Scarfs.
Black Silk Hats from the best manufacturers.
Ellwood's Patent Ventilating Felt Helmets, and every other description of Hat at present in vogue in London, suited for all purposes, lately arrived.
Angolas, Gauze, and Thread under Shirts.
Brown and White Thread and Angola Socks.
Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes.
Trunks, Portmanteaus, Carpet Bags, Railway Wrappers, Writing Desks, Fancy Soaps, and Perfumery.
Eureka Shirts, Ellwoods's Air Chamber Helmets and Felt Hats.
Single and Double Barrelled Guns.
Doubled Barrelled Pistols and Revolvers.
A good supply of Ready-made Coats, Vests and Trowsers of every description, and Flannel Shirts, always on hand.
Cashmere, Nemegerry and Cabul Shawls, Scarfs, Coats and Dressing Gowns.
Bombay and Malabar-work and Persian Carpets.
A large assortment of China Shawls, Work Boxes, Fans and Curiosities.
A small assortment of real Meerschaum Pipes.
Patterns and Instructions for measurement sent Post Free.
N. B.—The Tailoring Department is under the superintendence of a thoroughly competent European Cutter, and Gentlemen may rest assured that all orders will be executed in a proper manner.
Ladies and Gentlemen proceeding to England will find the above cheaper than any other House can supply them.
Orders from Outstations should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE has the pleasure to inform the Ladies of Bombay and those at Outstations that she has just received ex *Empress of India*, *Windsor Castle*, and *Overland*, a large and well selected assortment of *Fashionable Millinery* of every description, consisting of—
BALL DRESSES, in *Tulle, Lace, Blonde, Tarlaton, Silk*, &c. &c.
CHINEE Striped and figured "*Silk Dresses*."
Rich *Evening* Silks and Grenadines.
Colored *Grenadine*, and Barège Dresses.
Colored Exhibition Organde *Muslins*.
Plain and Sprigged Grenadine Muslins.
White Fancy Muslin and Tarlaton Dresses.
White Brilliants and Dorias for Morning Dresses.
Colored Brilliants and Jacconets for Morning Dresses.
Mouseline de soi Dresses.
White and Colored Tarlatons.
Coloured Mohair Dresses and *Burnous to match*.
Chinée Sprigged Muslin Dresses.
White, Black, and Colored Glacé Silks.
Black and White Lace Flouncing.
Lawn and Muslin Linings for Dresses.
Plain Book Muslin.
Colored Cloth for Ladies' Mantles (warm).
Warm Material for Dresses &c. for Ladies proceeding Home.
Black and White Lace *Shawls*.
Black Llama Burnouses.
White and Colored Llama *Shawls*.
White Llama Burnouses.
Black Silk Mantles, and *Opera Cloaks*.
Black Silk Paletots.
Rich Cloaks and *Hoods for Infants*.
Dress Bonnets, in Tulle, Silk, Blonde, Chip, Crêpe, &c. &c.
Plain and *Figured Crinoline Bonnets*.
Embroidered French Cambric *Handkerchiefs*.
Embroidered Muslin and Lace Sets, *Collar* and *Sleeves*.
Black and White Maltese *real Lace Lappets*.
Black and White Spotted Tulle *Falls*.
Black, Brown, and Colored *Hair Nets*.
Fancy, Gilt, and Caroline *Buckles*.
Black, White, and Figured *Spotted Nets*.
"*Victoria*" and "*Empress*" Skeleton Petticoats.
Valenciennes, Maltese, and Imitation *Laces*.
Rich Fancy Fans.
Black and Colored Silk Velvet.
Jet and Gold Ornaments.
Plain Hemmed French *Cambric* and *Lace Pocket Handkerchiefs*.
Black, White and Colored Kid Gloves (Ladies).
Exhibition Sashes.
Exhibition Chimisettes.
Exhibition Chip Bonnets.
Warm *Shawls* and *Cloaks*.
Lace Leaves and *Wreaths for Bonnets*.
Tassels, Trimmings, Ribbons, Flowers, and Feathers, &c.
Book Muslin and Jacconet Embroidery.
Black, White, and Colored Sewing Cotton.
Aluminium, Steel, and Enamel Ornaments.
Patent Frilling for Children's Dresses.
Rich Ostrich and Fancy Feathers.
Fancy Hats, richly trimmed, with "*Feathers* and "*Flowers*."
Boys' and *Girls' Hats*, in great variety.
Wreaths and *Head Dresses* of the *Latest Fashions*.
Gold Tiaras.
Garnitures in flowers, for *Ball Dresses*.
Ladies' Corsets.
Hair Plaits.
Dress Preservers.
Colored *Fruit* for Hats.
Colored Gimps.
FOR WEDDINGS.
Bridal Bonnets and *Wreaths*.
Dresses in Tulle, Lace, Tarlaton, Silk, &c.
Tulle and Lace Bridal Squares.
Lace and Muslin Collars and Sleeves.
Lace Pocket Handkerchiefs.
FOR MOURNING.
Paramatta and Mohair (double width).
Black Grenadine and Barège.
Black Glacé Silks.
Grenadine Shawls and Burnouses
White and Black Crêpe Sets, Collar and Sleeves.
Black Shawls and Silk Stockings.
Black Fans, Jet Ornaments.
Plain Hemmed Muslin Sets, Collar and Sleeves.
Half Mourning Muslins and Grenadine.
Half Mourning Check Silk Dresses.
Black and Grey Flowers.
Black Gimps &c. &c. &c.
Hours of Business from 9 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Orders from outstations must be accompanied by a Remittance or reference for Payment in Bombay or no notice can be taken of them.
No. 7, Byculla Road, Bombay, November 1862.

Business Announcements.

FRESH SUPPLIES.
Just landed by the Undersigned, at their
GENERAL DEPOT,
No. 1, MILITARY SQUARE, BOMBAY.
THE near approach of the "BOMBAY SEASON" affords PESTONJEE JEWANJEE & Co., a favorable opportunity of returning their grateful thanks to their PRESIDENCY AND UP-COUNTRY PATRONS AND CONSTITUENTS for the STEADILY INCREASING PATRONAGE they have hitherto afforded them in their endeavours to CATER FOR THE PUBLIC TASTE, and at the same time enables them to draw ESPECIAL ATTENTION to their NEWLY-IMPORTED STOCK OF CHOICE TABLE DELICACIES, just to hand per *Windsor Castle* and *Her Majesty*, and Overland, as below enumerated, each of which will be found UNIQUE OF ITS CLASS!
P. J. & Co., take leave to assure THEIR PATRONS that *no efforts* shall be wanting on their part to *deserve* a continuance of their favours, and while warranting all their VARIED STOCK OF COMESTIBLES to be *bonâ fide* from the most CELEBRATED PURVEYORS, ENGLISH AND FOREIGN, they trust that past experience will have proved their TERMS as *liberal* and their PRICE as *moderate* as (taking into consideration the QUALITY of their Goods) A DISCERNING PUBLIC could possibly expect.
P. J. & Co., would further remind their Patrons and Constituents that their NEWLY-REPLENISHED AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF WINES, SPIRITS, MALT LIQUORS, &c. &c. will be found well worthy attention, both as regards QUALITY, FLAVOUR, AND PRICE.

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
PICKLES.
Mixed Pickles, Cauliflower, Onions, French Beans, Gherkins, Piccalilli, Red Cabbage, Walnuts, and Chow-Chow, Imperial Pickles, West India ditto, Mushroom Pickles.
SAUCES, &c.
Reading Sauce, Harvey's John Bull, Beef Steak, Piquante Wellington, Tomata, Regent, Windsor, City of London, Payne's Osborne, and Essence of Shrimps, Essence of Anchovies, India Soy, Soho, Sir Robert Peel's Chutnee, and Royal Table, Lea and Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce, Mushroom Catsup, Walnut ditto, Best White Wine Vinegar, Distilled Crystal Vinegar, Raspberry Vinegar, Chilli, Tarragon, and Elder Vinegars, Salad Oil, Spanish Olives, French Capers, Double Superfine Mustard, Dutch Anchovies, and Cock's Reading Sauce.
M. Soyer's Preparations.
Soyer's Sauce, Soyer's Relish, and Soyer's Sultana's Sauce.
FLAVOURING ESSENCES.
Orange, Lemon, Citron, Ratafia, Almond, Mace, Carraway, Cinnamon, Kernels, Ginger, Mint, Pimento, Peppermint, Nutmeg, Bergamotto, Celery, Sage, Basil, Clove, Parsley, Saffron, Marjoram, Thyme, and Extract of Lemon Peel, Prepared Cochineal, Essence of Vahilla.
JAMS AND JELLIES, IN 1 AND 2 lb.
JAMS.—Raspberry, Plum, Greengage, Strawberry, Red Currant, Black Currant, Damson, Raspberry and Currant, and Gooseberry.
JELLIES.—Orange, Apple, Black Currant, Red Currant, Lemon Marmalade, Orange ditto, Apricot Jam.
SYRUPS FOR ICES.
Lemon, Raspberry, Pine Apple, Orange, Strawberry, Red and Black Currant, and Gooseberry Syrups.
FRUITS IN SYRUP.
Pine Apple, Apricots, Greengages, Cherries, Raspberries, Strawberries, Pears, Red Currants, and Black ditto.
FRUITS IN NOYEAU AND BRANDY.
Apricots, Cherries, Greengages, Mixed Fruits, Pears, Red and White.
FRUITS CRYSTALLISED.
Apricots, Greengages, Cherries, Chinois, Mirabelle Plums, and Mixed Fruits.
TART FRUITS.
Cramberries, Rhubarb, Gooseberries, Damsons, Apples, Plums, Cherries, Red and Black Currants, Greengages, Raspberries, Morella Cherries, and Raspberries, and Currants.
DESSERT FRUITS, &c.
Muscatel Raisins, in carton, ditto in ½ carton, ditto in quart bottles, ditto with Almonds, Turkey Figs, in ¼ and ½ drum, ditto in quart bottles, French Plums, in 2 lb. tins, ditto 4 lb. Jars Zante Currants, in 14 lb. patent jar, ditto 7 lb. ditto, ditto, 4 lb. do., ditto, in bottles, of 2 lb., ditto in quart bottles, Normandy Pippins, ditto in 2 lb. can, ditto in 4 lb., can. Jordan Almonds in ½ lb. canisters, Bitter Almonds, in ½ lb. canisters, Candied Orange Peel in quart bottles, ditto ditto in 2lb. cans, Candied Lemon Peel in quart bottles, ditto ditto in 2 lb. cans, Portugal Plums in Jars, ditto Mixed Peel, Candied Orange Rings in quart bottles, ditto Lemon ditto, Candied Orange Chips, in quart bottles, ditto Lemon ditto, Lozenges and Comfits, stpd. bottles, ditto ditto corked bottles, Gillon's Confectionery, Jams and Jellies, Pearl Barley, Oatmeal, &c., Lemon, Barley Sugar, Bon-Bons, Cosaques.
HAMS, CHEESES, SAUSAGES, FRENCH PATES, &c. RECEIVED OVERLAND.

PRESERVED PROVISIONS.
MEATS.
Boiled Beef, ditto and ditto Vegetables, A-la-mode Beef Corned Round of Beef, Roast Beef, Ox Cheek, ditto and Vegetables, Boiled Mutton, ditto and Vegetables, Harricot Mutton, Roast Leg of Mutton, Boiled Veal, ditto and Vegetables, Veal Curry, Seasoned Veal, Roast ditto, Minced ditto, Calf's Head and Bacon, Stewed Rump Steaks, Lamb and Green Peas, Irish Stew.
FISH.
Preserved Salmon, Stewed Eels, Fresh Haddocks, Findon ditto, Turbot, Fresh Lochfyne Herrings, Firth Haddocks, Lobster Meat, in pints, Oysters, in tins, Dried Herrings in tins, Ditto ditto ditto, Herrings à la Sardines, Lamprey's in Oil, Lampreys in Jelly, Pickled Oysters in 1 lb. jars, Pickled Salmon in 3 lb. jars, Pickled Herrings ditto, Salted Salmon in ½ gallon jars, Salted Herrings in ½ gallon jars, Salmon Cutlets, Fillets of Soles, and Curried Fish, Blackwall White Bait, Dried Sprats, Oysters in Jelly, Fried Soles, and Kippered Salmon.
SOUPS.
Cabin Concentrated Soup and Bouilli, West India Calipash and Calipee, for making real Turtle Soup, Real Turtle Soup, Hare, Hotch-Potch, Oyster, Chicken Broth, Soup Cressy, Mock Turtle, Oxtail, Giblet, Mulligatawny, Gravy, Ox Cheek, Vegetable, Vermicelli, and Green Tea Soups, Mutton Broth, Grouse and Chicken Broth, Portable Soup, ½ pints and ¼ pints, Concentrated Gravy in Bottles, Essence of Meats, in ditto.
VEGETABLES.
Carrots, plain, ditto with Gravy, Parsnips, Beetroot, Turnips, Green Peas, Sage and Onions, Stewed Mushrooms, White ditto, French Beans, Asparagus, ditto German and French.
POULTRY AND GAME.
Pheasants, Grouse, Partridges, Fowl Boiled, ditto, Roasted Duck and Green Peas, Venison Hashed, Hare, Jugged.

PESTONJEE JEWANJEE'S ADVERTISEMENT.—*Continued.*
SARDINES.
PHILLIPPE AND CANAUD'S AND OTHERS.
Full size tins.
Half Canisters, in Oil, Quarter ditto, in Oil, ditto ditto, in Butter.
FRENCH PROVISIONS.
From Phillippe and Canaud.
Truffled Sausages, 1 lb., ditto Woodcock, Snipe, Quail and Partridge, 1 lb., Pâté de fois Gras de Strasbourg, Pâté de fois D'Oie 1 lb., Pâté de fois Canaudin, 1 lb. Pure Truffles, &c. &c.
JELLIES IN BOTTLES.
Orange, Lemon, and Calf's-foot, Punch, Noyeau, Madeira.
PATENT PRESERVED PROVISIONS.
Hermetically Sealed.
York Hams, ditto in Jelly, Wiltshire Bacon, Albert Cheese, Somerset ditto, Berkley ditto, Chedder ditto, North Wilts ditto, and Pine ditto, Stilton Cheese, Greuyere and Parmasan Cheese, in pieces of about 7 lb. Hambro' Beef, Pig's Cheeks, Dried Ox Tonges, Ox Tonges in Jelly, Spiced Ox Tongues, Russia Ox Tongues, Bologna Sausages, ditto in Jelly, Smoked Tongues, Collored do., Rein-deer do. six in a tin, Oxford Sausages, Yorkshire Game Pates, ditto Park Pates, Veal and Ham Pate, Truffled Spiced Beef, in 2 lb. and Oxford Brown, 2 lb. tins.
POTTED MEATS.
In Glass or Earthenware Jars.
Anchovy Paste, Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue, Potted Yarmouth Bloaters, Strasbourg Potted Meats, Pâté à Diable, Potted Game, Potted Lobster, and Potted Shrimps.
MASSON'S PARIS CHOCOLATE.
Vanilla Chocolate, in sticks, ½ lb., ditto ditto in bacons, ½ lb. ditto ditto, assorted fruit imitations, in boxes, Chocolate Santé, ½ lb. cakes.
SUNDRIES.
Conserve of Tomata, Essence of Coffee, Dried Herbs, Celery Seed, Tapioca, Carraway Seeds, Arrowroot in ½lb., in 1 lb., and in 2 lb., Pearl Barley, in 2 lb. cans, in 4 lbs. in 7 lb., Scotch Oatmeal, in 2 lb. cans, in 4 lb., and in 7 lb., Italian Maccaroni, ditto Vermicelli, Cagliari Paste, Parmasan Cheese, Prepared Jamaica Ginger, Mixed Spice Orange Flower Water, ½ pints, Honey in bottles, Mince Meat in jars of 3 lbs., Chocolate in 4 oz. fancy packets, Cocoa Paste, ½ lb. pots, Homœopathic Cocoa, ½ lb. packet, ditto ditto 1 lb. packet, ditto ditto ½ lb. tins, ditto ditto 1 lb. tins, Isinglass, ditto in ½ lb. tins, ditto in 1 oz. do. and 2 oz. do., Patent Isinglass in ½ lb. tins, Gelantine in ½ lb. tins, Robinson's Groats and Barley in tins, Grimwade's Dassicated Milk, Table Salt in Jars, Knives for opening canisters, Dun's Essence of Coffee and Russian Caviere.
HUNTLEY AND PALMER'S BISCUITS.
Mixed Biscuits, Current Tunbridge, Carraway ditto, Ginger ditto, Lemon ditto, Citron, Shrewsbury, Rich Arrowroot, Oriental, Soiree, Coffee, Cracknels, Filberts, Walnuts, Dessert Cakes, Presburgh Biscuits, Vanilla, Maccaroons, Ratafias, Almond Drops, Ginger ditto, Finger Biscuits, Osborne ditto, Ginger Wafer, Carraway ditto, Victoria, Brighton, Brown College, Fancy Machine Albert Biscuits, Queen's do. Nonesuch, Picnic, do., Nic-Nacs, Plain Arrowroot, Abernethy, small, ditto large, Captain's small, ditto large, Travellers' Soda, Lunch, Fine Cabin, Oval Thin Captains, Seed Biscuits, Spice Nuts, Ginger Nuts, Loaf Gingerbread.
FORTNUM MASON & CO.'S STORES.
York Hams in tins, Straborugh Bacon, ditto Smoked Ox Tongues, ditto Collared ditto (ready for use), Reindeer ditto, Russian Caviare ditto, Boar's head with Pistachois, and Truffles, and French Mustard.

INDIA OILMAN'S STORES, &c.
CHUTNEY.
Cashmere Chutney, (mild), Green Mango Chutney, Bengal (hot) Chutney, Tamarind Chutney, Sliced Mango Chutney, superior Madras Chutney, Indian delicious Chutney, without Chilly.
SAUCES.
Superior Tapp's Sauce, Green Mango Sauce, Mooltan Sauce, (fresh) Tomata Sauce.
PICKLES.
Cashmere Pickle, Ginger Pickle, Sliced Mango Pickle, Lemon Pickle, Mango Pickle in ¼, ½, and whole kegs.
FISH PICKLES.
Fish Roe Pickle, Best Tamarind Fish, superior Balachow, in pots.
CURRY POWDER.
Bengal Curry Powder, superior Madras Curry Powder (the directions, if punctually attended to, will make most excellent Curries), superior Madras Curry Paste, Muligatawny Paste.
SUNDRIES.
Ripe Mango Fruits, Superior Mango Fruit for Tarts, Superior Pineapple for Tarts, Superior Lemon Barley Sugar, Refined (Poona) Mustard, Cayenne Pepper, Chilly Vinegar, Nepaul Chilly.
PRESERVES.
Superior Preserved Mango, in stone jars, ditto ditto in China jars.
SYRUPS.
Mango Syrup, Ginger Syrup, Superior Red Tamarind Syrup, Orange Syrup.
JAMS.
Guava Jam, in 2 lb. pots, Mango Jam, and Tamarind Jam.
JELLIES.
Superior Guava Jelly in 2 lb. pots, Rozel Jelly, Kurrand a Jelly, Green Grape Jelly, and Mango Jelly.
MARMALADE.
Superior Mango Marmalade, Citron Marmalade, Lemon Marmalade, Ginger Marmalade, Orange Marmalade.
CHINA PRESERVES OF FIRST QUALITY.
Chow-Chow, Ginger, Citron Pears, Conequat, Mango, Hoonaf and Orange Preserves, in cases of 6 stone jars.
SUNDRIES.
Mocha Coffee, in bags of 7 lbs., ditto, do. 14 lbs. Wynaad Plantation do., 7 and 14 lbs. bags, Bengal Crystal Sugar No. 1, in boxes of 14 lbs. and 28 lbs., do. do. No. 2 do. do. do., soft and moist for Pudding do., Tea, Flowery Pekoe, first quality, in 10 catty boxes, do. do. do. 2nd sort, do. do. Souchong and Pouchong, first quality, in 10 catty boxes, Manilla Cheroots Nos. 1, 2, and 3, in boxes of 500, Trinchinopoly Cheroots, Price's Table and Carriage Candles, Loaf Sugar, and choice Breakfast Congou, Tea, very superior in 22 lbs. Boxes.
Copying Presses, Letter, Foolscap, and Folio size, with or without materials complete, Gingham, Alpaca, and Silk Umbrellas, Mordan's Office Black, Blue, Red and Gold Pen Ink, ditto Copying ditto, Gilton's Jams and Jellies, Oalmea, &c. DeLa Rue's Stationery, ditto Playing Cards, Leather Writing Desks, Cigar Cases, &c., Jewellery, Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Albert and Neck Chains, &c. &c.
*** Upcountry orders will be promptly executed.
PESTONJEE JEWANJEE & Co.,
18th Dec. 1862. Military Square, Fort, Bombay.

PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE.—The undersigned have the pleasure to announce the safe arrival, in excellent condition, of several consignments of PIANOFORTES per ships *Talbot* and *Gloriana*. These instruments are universally admired both for their great superiority of tone and handsome exterior. They are manufactured by *Schroder*, of Hamburg, (strongly secured for India) with the extreme compass of 7 Octaves, have all the most recent improvements and are confidently recommended to the notice of the Public.
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
Wholesale General Dealers.
No. 1, Church Gate Street

Insurances, &c.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE;
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1720, FOR INSURING
BUILDINGS, GOODS, MERCHANDIZE, AND VESSELS IN PORT,
FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
FOR RATES OF PREMIUM and full particulars apply to the undersigned, who are authorized to grant Policies of Insurance against Fire.
EWART, LATHAM, & Co.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL £2,000,000.

FIRE Premiums for	year	1858	£196,148
Do.	do.	1859	228,314
Do.	do.	1860	262,977
Do.	do.	1861	292,402

RESERVED FUND, £1,66,015.
Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. DETACHED BUNGALOWS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE insured on very favourable terms.

Royal Insurance Company.
LIFE BRANCH.
THE undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c. &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.
CAMPBELL, MITCHELL, & Co.,
Agents Royal Insurance Company.
Bombay, 14th October 1860.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Chief Office—73 & 74, KING WILLIAM STREET, E.C.
Liverpool Office—WATER STREET.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION, (WITH POWER TO INCREASE)
Board of Directors.
Chairman.—F. W. Russell, Esq., M.P., Chairman of the National Discount Company, London.
Deputy Chairman.—Mr. Alderman Dakin, (Messrs. Dakin Brothers, London.)
Francis Braun, Esq., (Messrs. Blessig, Braun & Co., Liverpool.)
C. B. Colchester, Esq., (Messrs. Colchester & Woolner, London.)
J. H. R. De Castro, Esq., (Messrs. Carruthers De Castro & Co., Manchester and London.)
D. N. Giannacopulo, Esq., (Giannacopulo & Cochilani, Liverpool.)
Stephen Barker Guion, Esq., (Messrs. Guion & Co., Liverpool.
Mr. Alderman Hale, (Messrs. Warren S. Hale & Sons, London.)
Charles Joyce, Esq., (Messrs. Charles Joyce & Co., London.)
George Kendall, Esq., (Messrs. Kendal Brothers, Liverpool.)
J. H. Mackenzie, Esq., Beddington, Surrey, and the Temple, London.
John Edward Naylor, Esq., Merchant, Liverpool.
Lightly Simson, Esq., Chairman of the East Anglian Railway Company. London.
Thomas Stenhouse, Esq., Merchant, London.
General Manager—W. P. Clirehugh, Esq.
Bankers.
The Bank of London. Union Bank of Liverpool.
INSURANCES AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE,
On every description of Property.
AT MODERATE PREMIUMS.
LOSSES PROMPTLY SETTLED, AND WITHOUT REFERENCE TO ENGLAND.
Agents for Bombay and Presidency.
Messrs. STENHOUSE & Co.

ALBERT, MEDICAL, AND FAMILY ENDOWMENT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
HEAD OFFICES, 7, WATERLOO PLACE, PALL MALL, LONDON.
For the Assurance of Lives, and also for Granting Annuities, and Endowments.
Position and Progress of the Company.

The Accumulated Assets exceed	£650,000
The Subscribed Capital	500,000
The Annual Income from Life Premiums exceeds	250,000
The Policy Claims and Bonuses Paid to Claimants exceed	£1,000,000

The new business is progressing at the rate of £40,000 per annum.
Chief Offices for Western India.—BRUCE LANE, BOMBAY.
Board of Management.
E. P. Repton, Esq. (Messrs. E. Latham & Co.,) Merchant.
Framjee Nusserwanjee, Esq., Retired Merchant.
R. Hannay, Esq. (Grey & Co.,) Merchant.
Chas. F. Kelly, Esq., (Kelly & Hore), Solicitors.
Medical Officer.—J. VAUGHAN, Esq., F.R.C.S.
Solicitors—Messrs. Bickersteth & Cleveland.
Agents—Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.
Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay and the Agra and U. S. Bank.
Secretary—C. H. Ogbourne Esq., F. S. S.
The Premiums.
UNDER authority from the Court of Directors of the late Hon'ble East India Company in September 1847, the Actuary was permitted to examine the Records of the India House with a view to the completion of a Report on the state of the Bengal Military Fund. The Rates of Premium of this Company have been computed from data obtained by him and from the Company's own subsequent experience. Other Life Assurance Companies have not enjoyed similar advantages in this respect.
For the Assurance of Rupees 1,000 for the whole term of life, the rates with Profits, are as follows:—the Premiums for the non-participating Scale being about 10 per cent. lower.

Age.	CIVIL.						MILITARY.					
	Half-yearly.			Monthly.			Half-yearly.			Monthly.		
	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.
20	16	8	0	2	14	9	19	8	0	3	7	3
30	20	0	0	3	8	8	22	0	0	3	14	4
40	25	0	0	4	6	10	26	0	0	4	9	8
50	33	0	0	5	13	6	33	8	0	5	14	11
60	46	0	0	8	2	4	47	0	0	8	5	2

EXAMPLE.—*An Officer, aged 30, next birthday, may secure Rupees 10,000 to his heirs at his decease, whenever that may happen, by paying Rs. 220 half-yearly, or Rupees 38-15-4 monthly to this Company: or on the without profit scale, Rupees 200 half-yearly, or Rupees 35-6-8 monthly.*
The Premiums for SHORT TERMS correspondingly moderate and particularly favorable for Military men.
The Profits
Are ascertained every three years, a proportion equal to five-sixths of the whole profits being at the option of the Assured payable in cash—added to the Policy—or applied in reduction of future premiums.
The result of the last investigation will shortly be declared.
Guarantee Department.
In this department the Company guarantees the fidelity of individuals filling, or about to fill, situations of trust, where security is required for their integrity.
The Company's arrangements for the extension of the Guarantee System to India are not yet matured, but in the meantime proposals will be received and forwarded to London.
General Advantages.
These are fully stated in the Prospectus. The following may be noticed:—
Low rates of premium. Immediate reduction to English rates on the lives assured reaching Europe. Promptitude observed in issuing Policies. No charge for Entry-money, Policy, or Medical Fees. Premiums may be paid in one sum or Yearly, Half Yearly, Quarterly, or Monthly. Fifteen days of grace allowed. Medical Examiners remunerated for Reports. Policies indisputable.
Assignment of Policies registered without charge Assurances may be revived within six months of the date on which the Premium became due. Civil rates charged on the lives of Military Officers holding Civil appointments. Policies may, at the time of being effected, be made payable in London at the rate of two Shillings sterling per Company's Rupee.
Every information as to the Constitution, Terms, and Conditions of the Company, will be supplied, and Forms and instructions to parties wishing to effect Assurance, will be forwarded free on applying to the Secretary.
Holders of Policies in the original companies should send them in for Conversion or Endorsement.
EWART, LATHAM & Co. Agents,
C. H. OGBOURNE, Secretary.
Bombay, August 1862.

HOPE HALL, FAMILY HOTEL, MAGAZON.—NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & Co., who have taken a lease of this LONG ESTABLISHED FAMILY HOTEL, beg to return their best thanks to those Ladies and Gentlemen who have kindly patronised them during the past year, and who have been pleased to express their satisfaction with the accommodation and attention which they received at the Hope Hall.
NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & Co. can adduce no better recommendation for the continued support of the Public than such testimonials from the parties who have honoured them with their patronage.
The House, recently furnished throughout, occupies one of the most salubrious sites in Bombay, is as well adapted for single parties as for families, and is most conveniently situated as regards the Fort, the Byculla Railway Station, and the open country. It is enclosed in a spacious compound, and surrounded by a good garden.
The table is the best procurable in Bombay, and no pains are spared to afford satisfaction in that and every other respect. A plentiful supply of the best Beer, Wine, and Spirits, are always on hand.
Parties visiting Bombay from up-country, and Passengers arriving by the Mail Steamers, will find the Hope Hall a most desirable and comfortable place of sojourn.
Messrs. NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & Co. finally beg to intimate that their charges are moderate, and that every effort will be made by them to secure the approbation of all parties who may honour them with their patronage.
Breakfast at 9 A.M., Tiffin at half-past 1 P.M., and Dinner at half-past 7 P.M.
Bombay, 29th August 1861.

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AGENTS:—LONDON, FREDERIC ALGAR, 11, Clements Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.—PARIS, Messrs. H. & W. GALIGNANI, & Co., Publishers, Rue De Rivoli.—CALCUTTA, Messrs. THACKER SPINK, & Co.—MADRAS Messrs. PHAROAH & Co.